

WEATHER FORECAST:

Tomorrow: Fair.

THE EVENING NEWS.

TEMPERATURE TODAY:

At 3 p. m., 77 degrees.

DEVOTED TO MAKING ADA A LARGER AND MORE PROGRESSIVE CITY

VOLUME 3

ADA, INDIAN TERRITORY, WEDNESDAY EVENING, MAY 16, 1906

NUMBER 47



PROGRESSIVENESS IN GOOD CLOTHES BUILDING

CONSIDERED FROM THE CUSTOMER'S STANDPOINT

Take the man who now pays \$20 for a suit, though his limit used to be \$15. He looks better in the newer garments, and he knows it. Show him a suit for \$20 five years ago and he would laugh at the WORKMANSHIP. Neither the fit nor the tailoring would satisfy him today. Verily we are all progressing.

We are sole agents for the celebrated KIRSCHBAUM HAND MADE CLOTHING

Scott-Hoard Co

HORSE THEFT FLUCTUATES WITH PREVAILING PRICES

Muskegee, I. T., May 16.—According to United States Commissioner W. R. Hoyt, there have been fourteen horse thieves arrested in this district since May 1. This is a most unusual record. The commissioner gives as the reasons for it the following:

"Horse thieves have lots of good sense. Eighteen months ago you seldom heard of a case of horse stealing. Now they come every day. The price of horses has gone so high that if a thief can steal a team and get away with it nowadays, he is good for \$250 at least, and more, unless the horses are plugs. Again, a thief who

pleaded guilty in my court yesterday when asked why he was stealing horses now, replied: 'Well, there is plenty of grass, now, and I don't have to buy feed. A man is a fool to steal horses in the winter time, when he has to pay for feed.' This seemed to be a satisfactory answer. That and the high prices are the most potent reasons."

Not long ago when cattle were high there were a great many thieves and many stockmen suffered considerable losses. When the price went down, the cattle stealing business dropped off and the horses commenced to disappear.

SHAWNEE PREPARES TO ENTERTAIN PRESS BOYS

Shawnee, Ok., May 16.—The people of Shawnee are making arrangements for the entertainment of the Oklahoma and Indian Territory press boys who will meet in annual convention here on Friday and Saturday of this week. When Shawnee had a few wooden business houses and a church, her citizens right royally entertained the Oklahoma Press Association and the meeting opened with prayer in a small church. The population at that time was 700. She now has a population of 20,000 with fine brick blocks, railroad shops, paved streets, electric cars and the reception committee will see that the double-headed association will enjoy themselves at Shawnee this week. This will undoubtedly be the best press meeting ever held

in the Southwest on account of the organization of the Oklahoma State Press Association from the associations of the two territories. Headquarters have been established at the new five story brick hotel—The Maywood.

G. A. R. at Tulsa.

Tulsa, I. T., May 16.—The territorial G. A. R. encampment meets here next Thursday and Friday. Commander J. F. Ayars of the local post said this morning that 350 visitors would attend, including veterans and ladies of the W. R. C.

Who'll Be the Next?

The News force dined on strawberries again today, a box of mammoth berries being presented to them this morning by Martin Hively.

STANTON MURDER TRIAL WILL BE CONCLUDED TONIGHT

The Stanton murder trial will end this Wednesday evening, unless something unexpected comes up. Nine of the ten defendants, all in fact except the Indian, expressed a desire to make a statement and they are being subjected to a severe examination by E. Hamilton, Assistant United States Attorney, of Chickasha, who arrived at noon. Each of the defendants who have been examined, disclaim all knowledge of the murder. There seems to be an inclination to throw the

murder onto the Indian, but those who are trying the case feel that they know the man who did the stabbing, although others may be implicated in the affair. The most rigid examination failed to make any of the men waver in their testimony. It has been a hard case to unravel owing to the large number of men arrested charged with the crime. The defendants have nearly all been examined and it is thought that the trial will be over late this evening.

U. S. MARSHAL AMBUSHED AND SHOT IN BREAST

Coalgate, I. T., May 16.—Last Sunday a man came to Coalgate and shot up the town and when Deputy Marshal Bradshaw attempted to arrest him he compelled him to drop his pistol at the point of a Winchester.

Monday night as he was in search of the party Bradshaw was ambushed by four men who began firing on him. He returned the fire until his ammunition was exhausted, when he retreated with a wound in his left breast.

Hearing of the difficulty a posse from this city started to the

scene, and when about three miles from the city they were assailed by a party armed with Winchester, who compelled them to return in haste.

A large force of United States Marshals and citizens are searching the woods for the gang and it is thought their capture is only a matter of a few hours.

It was reported in surrounding towns that Bradshaw had been killed and his many friends will be glad to learn that he is very much alive, his wound being but slight.

MINERS TORN TO ATOMS BY DYNAMITE EXPLOSION

Shenandoah, Pa., May 15.—Five miners were torn to pieces and twelve badly burned by an explosion of dynamite in the Shenandoah city colliery of the Philadelphia and Reading coal and Iron Company yesterday.

A box of dynamite which a workman was carrying fell from his shoulder and caused the explosion, which ignited the mine gas. There were about fifty men

at work in the east gangway of the shaft when the explosion occurred, but so far as known all escaped except those working on the first lift. In this part of the shaft none escaped either death or injury. All the men were mutilated beyond identification.

The force of the concussion was terrific. Doors were torn off and brattices were wrecked, every section of the mine feeling the effect of the shock.

GORE WILL DELIVER THE ANNUAL ADDRESS

Norman, Ok., May 16.—A large and appreciative audience greeted the class of 1906, and the speaker at the annual baccalaureate service held at the opera house Monday morning. Dr. George H. Bradford, president of the Epworth university, delivered an able address. The annual exercises of the class will be held at the Fanning opera house Thursday evening. Special music has been provided for and Hon. T. P. Gore, the blind orator, will deliver the annual address to the class. Norman is proud of its graduates of 1906 and it is expected a large audience will greet Senator Gore on the 17th. The class numbers thirteen, eight young women and five young men.

James Crawford was tried in the U. S. court today charged with assault with intent to kill. The case was dismissed but he plead guilty to carrying a gun and was fined fifty dollars and costs.

Governor Hoch on Statehood. Chickasha, I. T., May 16.—Governor and Mrs. Hoch of Kansas are visiting the family of United States Federal Judge Dickerson, Mrs. Hoch being a sister of the judge. Governor Hoch said it was an outrage that Oklahoma and Indian Territory should go begging congress for their statehood rights.

"This is the time when the West should assert itself. Draw a line through St. Louis and two-thirds of the country is west of it."

"The West should dominate the country and it can do so. I'm tired of seeing a lot of 'dinky' little Eastern states running things."

Accidentally Hurt.

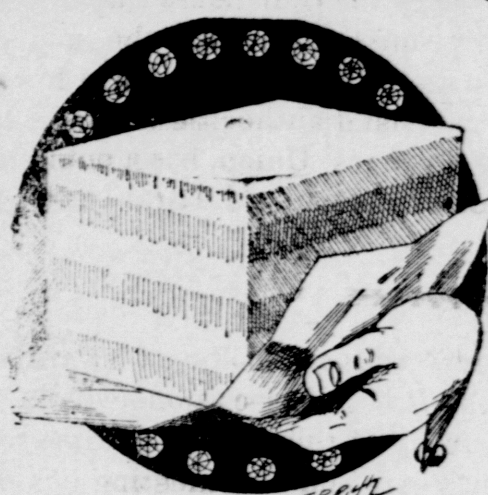
Herbert Hurst, aged six, was painfully hurt last night by an older brother who was cutting wood. He did not realize that the little fellow was so near and struck him in the face with the ax, knocking four teeth out and splitting his lips open.

Making Good Promises AND MAKING PROMISES GOOD

Are two different expressions made up of the same words, but so construed as to mean two entirely different things. Anybody can make good promises. It's harder to make promises good. The only way to make good in the clothing business is to have the right kind of clothes at the right kind of prices. No amount of fine talk in the newspapers will overcome poor clothing or high prices in the store. Come to

I. HARRIS.

and see if you can properly be suited.



Many Flavors to One Brick or Each Flavor Separate

Ice Cream

by the piece or quantity. Pure and delicious in either case. Cooling and nourishing. The richest country cream and finest flavors are used in the production of our Ice Cream, and the greatest care is taken to have it and our Water Ices the best in the city.

Crystal Ice Cream Co

PAUL W. ALLEN,

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

Horses Boarded by Day or Week.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Best of Service.

Allen Livery Barn

South Townsend Ave.,

Phone 64.

Doctors are Chosen

For their skill and ability in curing diseases. You should also select your Druggist for their ability and accuracy in preparing your Doctor's Prescriptions from the Purest Drugs, in order that you get the best results from the medicine. Nothing should be too good for the sick. We carry a full line of Pure Drugs and Fine Chemicals, and would be glad to have you bring us your Prescriptions.

G. M. RAMSEY, Druggist.

(Successor to Clark Drug Co.)

OTIS B. WEAVER

Continues in the Real Estate Business

And will give careful and energetic attention to all business entrusted. He has some rare bargains in Ada real estate. Manager for beautiful Sunrise Addition. Office headquarters for prospectors

Weaver Building, 12th and Broadway.

Patronize Home Industry

By Buying Ice From

Ada Ice and Fuel Co.

Keep Your Money at Home.

We Handle the Best Grades of Coal.

Phone 249.

Office at Ice Plant.

OVERDRAFTS

It is becoming well known by business men that overdrafts, whether large or small, are not approved by the comptroller of the currency. The large central banks allow overdrafts only in a very small way, and this, it matters not how small, is not approved by the powers that be. This unbusinesslike habit of overdrafts grew out of advancing on moving products, such as cotton, grain and fat stock on the move. The overdraft system is wrong and the man whose account is always overdrawn is the man who spends more money than he makes and will finally have no bank account.

Ada National Bank.

Capital and Surplus, \$63,500.

Ada, Ind. Ter

ADA EVENING NEWS.

OFFICIAL CITY PAPER.

OTIS B. WEAVER . . . PUBLISHER
M. D. STEINER, . . . BUSINESS-MANAGER

Entered as Second class matter March 26, 1904, at the Postoffice at Ada, Indian Territory, under the Act of Congress March 3, 1869.

Advertising rates furnished on application.

STAY BY HOME FOLKS.

Some of our merchants have their ire raised because an agent from a mail order house is in town canvassing the trade. Ada people should trade at Ada stores. No one would want to locate in a town that did not have good stores. Ada has them and stores, too, that are far ahead of stores in other towns this size. Show your appreciation of this fact by giving them your patronage and thus enable them to keep their stock up to its present high standard.

But the merchant must not sit idle and let other firms come in town and capture his trade. He must be up and doing. He must advertise and let the people know he is not dead but still doing business at the old stand.

It is with gratification the News notes the Indian Union Signal has been re-recorded the right of transmission through the mails as second class matter. We congratulate Brother Dawes upon his victory over the petty despotism of the postal authorities. His paper as the twin territorial organ of the Farmers' Union, has a noble mission to perform, and the suspension of the paper's postal privileges was an outrage.

THE editors of the two territories are looking forward with much pleasure to the meeting of the Press Association which will occur at Shawnee Friday and Saturday of this week. The Association has met annually for about ten years and each meeting has been a feast of reason and a flow of souls, but this one, it is confidently expected, will surpass all other meetings, both in point of interest and benefit which will be derived. When such a brilliant set of men as the editors of the two territories get together you may expect things to be done. The future of the two territories rests largely with the newspapers. No class of men have so much weight in bringing about desired conditions as editors, and nothing yields the influence that a newspaper does. Matters of vast importance, not only to the editors themselves, but to the people at large, will be discussed at this meeting and much benefit will be derived from the exchange of ideas. Every editor in the two territories should make it a point to be present.

KING SERVED IN NAVY.

The New Ruler of Norway Passed Through Some Rough Experiences.

Norway's new king was once an apprentice in the Danish navy. In the mess to which he belonged he was called by his first name—that is, Karl. In Danish—and he had to eat the same "grub" and stand the same hardships as all the other apprentices. Although everybody knew him to be a prince of the realm, no deference whatever was paid to him as such. On the contrary, he was "hazed" and made miserable in good old midshipman style. He took his medicine bravely enough. On board ship he had to mend his own clothes, darn his socks, sew on buttons and keep his weapons and accoutrements in order. He slept in a regulation sailor's hammock, with his clothes rolled up under his head for a pillow, without a nightshirt and wearing only a sailor's woolen striped undershirt and bunched up in a woolen blanket, sometimes with his sea boots dangling by the hammock rope. He used to make the big brass binnacle flash like silver mail. He could never quite get used to chewing tobacco, which in the eyes of every true apprentice is one of the cardinal virtues, and whenever he was seasick, which often happened, he used to sit in the gangway on a bucket and chew rye bread.

QUESTION IN CHEMISTRY.

Twofold Chemical Change That Student Said Lot's Wife Had Undergone.

"Well, boys," said the professor of chemistry to his class at the Columbia college laboratory the other day, "how many of you have brought original questions to-day? You know in college work it is the student who does the most in original research who later becomes the successful scientist."

There was the usual silence; then a freshman, in quest of a reputation as a wit, said:

"Professor, what twofold chemical change did Lot's wife undergo?"

The professor, doubting the sincerity of the questioner, but not wishing to discourage any form of scientific inquisitiveness, said he knew of but one change, and of that only through hearsay, and if there had been any other he would be glad to hear what it was.

"Well," said the gleeful freshman, "first she turned to rubber; then she turned again into a pillar of salt."

Poor Man!
"What is a summer resort, pa?"
"A man entirely surrounded by a body of women."—Judge.

Too Well-Known.
"Pop!"
"Yes, my son."
"Does a bank loan money?"
"Yes, my boy."
"Well, the bank will only loan the money if it knows the man, I suppose?"
"It is often the case, my son, that at the time it won't loan him the money."—Yonkers Statesman.

CUPID IN A TRUST.

IOWA PASTORS IN PACT REGARDING MARRIAGES.

Ministers Believe Divorce Is a Necessity and Would Control Weddings and Thus Cut Rate—New Law Is Advocated.

Des Moines, Ia.—To form a trust for the purpose of controlling matrimonial ventures is the latest movement on the part of Des Moines ministers. The plans were discussed at a regular weekly meeting of the Ministerial association, and if they are carried out Des Moines will no longer be the Gretna Green for lovers who have not for months calmly reflected over the logic of matrimony.

After a liberal discussion the ministers came to the final judgment that divorce is now a necessity, because of the improper matrimonial ties, and they propose to cure the social evil by guarding the entrance into the matrimonial fields by the strongest safeguards.

The agitation was started by Rev. Orian W. Fifer, pastor of Grace Methodist Episcopal church, who declared that he is firm in the belief that no man should put asunder those whom God hath joined together, but he expressed the firm belief that God has little to do with many of the modern weddings. He claimed to have had an interview with Judge William H. McHenry, of the equity court here, in which he learned that fully two-thirds of the divorces were granted in cases where love probably had played a very small part in the marriage. He stated that he believed one of the greatest evils is because men and women plunge into marriage without the proper preparation.

The ministers took up the discussion in a lively manner and practically entered into an agreement that ministers will not in the future marry so indiscriminately.

The preachers believe that where a divorce is wanted there should be arranged a schedule of years according to the offense of the guilty party in which he or she must remain single.

It has also been agreed that the pastors will demand to know the past history of the participants, their financial condition and their past ventures, if any. It is expected that at the next meeting of the association rules will be drawn up governing the performance of marriages. The ministers will ask the cooperation of the justices of the peace.

It is possible that their present action will result in asking the legislature this winter to pass a law making more stringent requirements for securing a license.

LOVE, LIVE ON \$3 A WEEK

Young Plumber Takes Bride—Both Are Happy on Small Income—Secret Gets Out.

Philadelphia.—If at the lowest possible estimate it cost a mother three dollars a week to board and clothe a growing boy, how can a young man nearly 20 take unto himself a wife and keep her in this sum—without keeping her in want?

This might be a difficult problem for some persons, but James Higgins, a 19-year-old plumber's apprentice, who lives on Stiles street, east of Eighteenth, believes a man can get married and keep a wife in comfort on this munificent sum.

Higgins loved 18-year-old Ella Ragan. They recently decided that if two persons were in love, money was of no consequence; they could live on love and kisses.

An elopement followed, and they were married. They decided to go to their homes and keep the marriage a secret until such a time as Higgins should blossom out as a full-fledged plumber, or until a time when his long-dreamed-of increase in wages should come true.

A friend betrayed them, and now all their friends and acquaintances are asking them "if it is true."

CUT SOLDIERS' BURIAL CASH

Bodies of Men Killed in United States Will Not Be Sent Home at Government Expense.

Washington.—The body of a soldier killed in active service cannot be sent home to his relatives at government expense for burial if he dies in the United States. Moreover, the body must be placed in the coffin issued by the quartermaster general's department. This was the decision of the comptroller of the treasury in the case of Private Albert Laste, Twenty-ninth battery field artillery, who was killed at Fort Riley, Kan., last October.

His commanding officer wished to send his body to his relatives for burial and desiring a better coffin than was supplied by the quartermaster's department, which was only allowed to spend \$35 for that purpose, he offered to supply the necessary additional funds.

Scarcity of American Ships.
Out of 4,217 arrivals of all classes of vessels from foreign ports at New York last year the American flag flew over only 760 ships. According to figures given out at the bureau office recently 478 of the 760 vessels were steam powered, and there were five ships, 25 barks, six brigs and 245 schooners among the sailing vessels. In this time there were 2,844 steamships under foreign flags entered at the customhouse, of which 1,355 were British and 521 German.

BLUE RIBBON FOR BRAINS.

English Wise Men Will Enter an Interuniversity Thinking Match.

British thinkers, rebelling against the custom of awarding great prizes to college athletes and neglecting the thinkers, have proposed and are urging throughout the kingdom a "blue ribbon for brains," an interuniversity contest between the thinkers and students, for an award of merit.

The neglect of brains and the constant lauding of brawn in the press of Britain, as well as in university circles, has called forth the protest and the demand for recognition and reward of the brainy men of the great schools.

Just what form the thinking match for the championship is to assume is not stated. Those who are urging the contest plead that nine men from each of the great universities meet in the contests. Whether it will consist of looking wise, or in oratory, in written examinations in certain subjects, they do not state. The contest may take the form of the standing long jump, or the running high jump, or the two-minute handicap think, or the long distance think.

At any rate, the proposition is to make the event of the blue ribbon thinking match of all England and to show the thinkers that they are esteemed as high at least as are the athletes. Who will be the first champion thinker of Great Britain is a question of vital interest.

WAS NOT HALF THROUGH

Darkey Pursued by Ghost Was Going to Make Better Time.

Two men in a southern town, getting into an argument made a wager that one of them could not hire a darkey to stay all night in a well known haunted house, which no one would occupy.

Hunting up a strapping negro the man offered him \$5 to stay in the house during the night, keeping awake all of the time.

The negro entered the place in the evening and kept walking back and forth to keep from going to sleep. Promptly on the stroke of midnight the ghost appeared. Unlike most ghosts, this one was pleasant and affable and, seeing the man, said:

"Ah, good evening; it seems there will be two of us here to-night."

With bulging eyes and drooping jaw the other managed to stammer: "Y-y-yas sah, b-b-but dey won't be long."

And suiting the action to the words he went out of the house and down the road as hard as he could run, with the ghost in close pursuit. When completely out of breath, the darkey sat down by the roadside to rest, and the ghost, coming up, blandly remarked: "That was a very pleasant run we had just now."

And the darkey replied: "Yas, sah—but it ain't—nuffin—to de one—we're—going ter hab."

Envious.

Mrs. Dryun.—They say that Mrs. Smiley has driven her husband to drink. Dryun—Just my miserable luck! "Why, what do you mean, my dear?" "I had almost made up my mind to propose to her when I met you."—Chicago Daily News.

'Twill Break His Heart.

Bronco Bill.—De sheriff hez posted a reward uv 50 cents fer Roarin' Rube, dead or alive.

Grizzly Pete.—Dat'll be poor Rube's finish. When he hears de size uv de reward he'll kill himself—fer shame.—Judge.

American Exports to Orient.

There was a remarkable increase last year in American exports to China and Japan. In ten months the exports to China have been \$50,000,000, compared with \$20,000,000 in the previous year, and to Japan the total for the same time has jumped from \$22,000,000 to \$45,500,000. Our Pacific ferriage to those countries is direct and Europe cannot hope to compete with it in distance and cheapness.

IF YOU ARE THE INDIVIDUAL

Who never got a bargain at a Special Sale, come to this store and price any one of the three items we are driving for these few days only.

HATS, PANTS AND SHOES

We want your business by virtue of merit. Satisfaction to the fullest.

T.J. CHAMBLESS



TIME CARD.
Ada, Ind. Ter.



TIME OF TRAINS
ADA, I. T.

THE RIGHT TRAINS
BETWEEN

EAST BOUND TRAINS

No. 510 Meteor, 4:48 p. m.
No. 512 Eastern Exp., 9:45 a. m.
No. 542 Local Freight, 3:45 p. m.

WEST BOUND TRAINS

No. 509 Meteor, 8:58 a. m.
No. 511 Texas Pass, 7:15 p. m.
No. 541 Local Freight, 7:45 a. m.

Local freight trains carry passengers provided with permits. Ten per cent saved on the purchase of round trip tickets.

I. McNair, Agent.

St. Louis
Hanibal
Kansas City
Junction City
Oklahoma City
In the North,
and all points beyond.

Houston,
Dallas,
Fort Worth,
San Antonio,
Galveston,
in Texas,
and all points beyond.

NORTH BOUND.

No. 112 Express, daily, 3:55 p. m.
No. 564 Local, except Sunday, 12:15 a. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

No. 111 Express, daily, 11:10 a. m.
No. 563 Local, except Sunday, 1:55 p. m.

LOANS

On Dead Claims, Intermarried Surplus and where Restrictions Are Removed. Improved City Property or to build.

Correct Neat Abstracts of Title at Reasonable Prices

W. H. EBEL, - - - Ada, Ind. Ter.

SUNSET ROUTE

OCEAN to OCEAN

Offers the Best

Fast Trains, Latest Dining, Sleeping and Observation Cars Between

New Orleans and California, Daily

Through Louisiana, Texas, New Mexico and Arizona, and will carry you over the

Road of a Thousand Wonders

that you read so much and hear so much about from the press and the people. Oil burning locomotives all the way; no smoke, no cinders. For beautiful illustrated literature and other information, see nearest Sunset Ticket Agent

WHY WAS IT?

When some of the fire companies represented by Otis B. Weaver, fire insurance agent, lost approximately \$5,000,000 each in the great San Francisco conflagration, they were not compelled to quit business?

ANSWER: Because one of them is the LARGEST FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY IN THE WORLD, possessing assets of nearly \$70,000,000, and because it held a special conflagration reserve fund of \$7,000,000. Because another one of them, with its allied interests does the leading fire insurance business in the United States, which affected for the year 1905, alone, a several times larger income than its probable loss in the great conflagration.

All companies represented by the Weaver agency are giants in capital and assets. They will continue their liberal policy in rates and adjustments. The business of the property owners of Ada and surrounding country is respectfully solicited.

OTIS B. WEAVER, FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.

LOCAL NEWS

Subscribe for The News.

J. R. Young is in Tupelo today. M. Scott has returned to Madill.

Duke Stone went to Stonewall today.

A son of W. G. Broadfoot is ill of fever.

J. O. Smith of Oakman was here today.

Postmaster J. R. Young is at Tupelo today.

Attorney McKeel's baby is better today.

See P. K. Smith for up-to-now photo work. 152-tf

J. M. Hoard is spending the day at Madill.

Uptodate suits made to order at Chitwood's. tf 35

Mr. Keltner was here from Stonewall today.

E. L. Steed opened a branch store at Tupelo today.

Cleaning and repairing. See Chitwood the Tailor. tf 35

F. E. Champion, well known in the city, is here today.

Chas. Etsell and wife were here from Parkell today.

W. J. Coffman is entertaining his parents from Scisco, Texas.

Attorney Epperson has returned from his trip to Texas.

Mrs. Levine, who has been ill of intermittent fever, is better.

Wedding announcements—the uptodate kind—at the News office. ti

Dr. H. Erb, dentist, Henley & Biles building. Phone No. 1. 233 tf

Dr. Steel left this morning for Memphis, Tenn., and other points south.

W. P. Duncan of Davis, Texas, spent last night with his relative, Joe Terrell.

FOR SALE:—At greatly reduced price a \$350 piano. Enquire at Mason Drug Co. 3t 45

Sam J. Smith of Tecumseh, Okla., is visiting his brother, C. C. Smith today.

Street hats at absolute cost until all are gone. Mrs. W. J. Long at Scott-Hoard's. 4t45 w5 2t

Mrs. C. A. Ingram is going to Wyle, Texas, to spend a week with relatives.

Make your wants known to Duffal & Dodson, Groceries and Feed. Phone 92. tf 312

J. W. Hays, president of the Citizens' National Bank, spent today in the country.

A. B. Morris, living six miles in the country, paid the News a business call today.

All street hats for sale at cost while they last. Mrs. W. J. Long at Scott-Hoard's. 4t47 w5 2t

Druggist F. Z. Holley is at Konawa today looking after his branch store at that place.

Mrs. S. S. McDonald will leave this evening for Madill where she will be the guest of friends.

Mr. Swank, the owner of the acre strawberry patch near town, is expected to arrive from Indiana today.

A thirty days' sale of millinery is now on at Mrs. L. T. Wilson's Call before you purchase elsewhere. 2t 47

Geo. Wade and wife of Konawa were in the city yesterday. They left this morning for a trip to Old Mexico.

LOS:—Ladies' watch between the two railroad stations. Return to U. S. clerk's office and receive reward. tf 45

Fortunate Missourians

"When I was a druggist at Livonia, Mo.," writes T. J. Dwyer, now of Graysville, Mo., "three of my customers were permanently cured of consumption by Dr. King's New Discovery, and are well and strong today. One was trying to sell his property and move to Arizona, but after using New Discovery a short time he found it unnecessary to do so. I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as the most wonderful medicine in existence." Surest cough and cold cure and throat and lung healer. Guaranteed by G. M. Ramsey, and Dr. F. Z. Holley, Druggist. 50c and \$1. Trial bottle free.

Wedding invitations—the latest styles—turned out at the News office. tf

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Dr. Bisant, dentist, over Ada National Bank. tf 279

Mrs. S. J. Tobias, of Konawa, is shopping here today.

J. B. Tolbert returned home from Eldorado, Oklahoma, last night where he has been for several days on a business matter.

FOR RENT:—Good four room house, well, barn, stormhouse, etc. A. K. Thornton, care of W. M. Freeman & Co. 40-tf

E. Hamilton, Assistant United States Attorney, is here from Chickasha today on the Stanton murder case.

Miss Cora Hopton has resigned her position at the telephone exchange and will leave for Sulphur today where she has accepted a similar position.

Grant Watrous (colored) was tried in the U. S. court today charged with running a house of bad repute. He was tried by a jury and found guilty. He was fined \$50 and given thirty days in jail.

A lady demonstrator will be at M. L. Walsh's store this evening and all day tomorrow and will serve free to all callers carnation cream and Yale brand coffee. Ladies are especially invited to call and partake of these dainties.

Miss Josephine Thompson will return to her home in Osage City, Kan., this afternoon after a most delightful visit in Ada. While here she has made many friends in social circles who regret her departure.

The most vigorous workers have spells of "tired feeling" now and then. This feeling is caused by derangement in the stomach, liver and bowels. A few doses of Prickly Ash Bitters quickly corrects the disorder and sends the blood tingling through the veins, carrying life and renewed energy throughout the system.

Women are not the only creatures interested in the latest styles in millinery as was demonstrated this morning when an old grey rat ambled into the millinery department at Scott-Hoard's store. The ladies, as all ladies do, grabbed their skirts, emitted blood-curdling yells and hot footed it to the street door, but it remained for S. S. McDonald to perform the biggest stunt. He gave one glance at her ratship and then proceeded to climb up on the top of the skirt rack from which vantage point he viewed the leisured manner in which the rat decided which style hat she preferred. It was only after the rat had departed that Mr. McDonald could be persuaded to come off his perch.

Eleven to the Quart.

Now came Dr. Hodges again today with the largest strawberries yet received at this office, nor did the Dr. change boxes on us while writing this article, but he left them right on our desk where they were viewed by many. The largest berry measured 5 1/4 inches in circumference. There were just eleven berries in the box and we know of some people who will have to blow up their berries with a goose quill if they beat those from the Dr.'s patch.

Will Leave Tomorrow.

Dr. Greer, who has been a member of the Ada medical fraternity for the past year, will leave tomorrow for Alabama where he has accepted an offer to work for a corporation. The salary offered was handsome enough to induce the doctor to give up his practice here and forsake the territory. While regretting to lose such a desirable citizen the News congratulates him on his good fortune.

Fortunate Missourians

"When I was a druggist at Livonia, Mo.," writes T. J. Dwyer, now of Graysville, Mo., "three of my customers were permanently cured of consumption by Dr. King's New Discovery, and are well and strong today. One was trying to sell his property and move to Arizona, but after using New Discovery a short time he found it unnecessary to do so. I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as the most wonderful medicine in existence." Surest cough and cold cure and throat and lung healer. Guaranteed by G. M. Ramsey, and Dr. F. Z. Holley, Druggist. 50c and \$1. Trial bottle free.

Wedding invitations—the latest styles—turned out at the News office. tf

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

COMMENDABLE COOLNESS.

Young Man Who Knew How to "Pop the Question" Without Getting Rattled.

"You should know well what coolness is," said a general. "America's history is indebted to you, Capt. Hobson, for one of its most perfect and most brilliant examples of this trait."

The young man, flushing a little at the compliment, said, with an embarrassed laugh:

"Oh, there have been many better instances of coolness than mine."

"Not at all," said the general. "Not at all, sir."

"But yes," persisted Capt. Hobson. "For instance?" said the other.

Capt. Hobson thought a moment. Then he said:

"The most perfect exhibition of coolness ever made came from a friend of mine—an old man now, but still a bachelor."

"This gentleman loved a beautiful widow in the summer of '96. He courted her with ardor through the months of July and August, and in September he proposed."

"It was a cool evening, the evening of the proposal, and my friend and the widow sat indoors, the light lowered, the dusk faintly illuminated by a fire of birch logs."

"So," my friend ended, "I love you, and ask your hand in marriage." He rose. "Will you," he said, "be mine?"

"The widow gazed at the flame thoughtfully. Then in a low voice she said:

"Don't make me answer immediately. Give me a little time for thought."

"Very good," said my friend. "How long do you want?"

"A half hour," murmured the widow.

"A half hour be it," said my friend, taking up his hat. "And in the meantime," he added, "I'll just go down to Smith's and get a shave."

TO DRINK KING'S HEALTH.

No Longer Considered Necessary in England to Use Alcoholic Liquor.

The superstition in England and its colonies that it is necessary when drinking the king's health to pledge his majesty in a draft of some alcoholic liquor has been exploded.

As long ago as October, 1902, Rear Admiral King-Hall obtained an opinion from his majesty, through Lord Knollys, that total abstainers need compromise neither their loyalty nor their convictions when drinking his majesty's health.

Permission to publish the letter, which was at first employed for private circulation, has now been granted by his majesty, and here it is:

"Dear Capt. King-Hall: His majesty is afraid that it would be difficult to make any public announcement that he considers his health can be as loyally drunk in water as in wine. . . . The king commands me, however, to say that you are authorized to make it known 'privately,' and in any way that you think best, and that you are authorized to state that total abstainers can always drink his health in some nonalcoholic drink to his entire satisfaction."

"October 17, 1902."

Navy totalitarians have been aware of this gracious expression of opinion on the part of his majesty for the last three years.

The publication of the letter now comes as a boon to many a harassed abstainer, who has frequently been caught between his heartfelt loyalty and the sanctity of his temperance pledge.

ENGLISH WOMEN UNTIDY.

Oriental Artist Declares Their Gait Is Ungainly and Their Figures Out of Poise.

London.—Yoshio Markino, a Japanese artist at present in this country, deprecates the ungainly carriage of the Englishwoman.

"The London ladies have such nice faces and such pretty figures. How sad it is that they carry themselves so badly!" is his criticism.

"I walk up and down this great city," he continued. "I notice that the ladies are so awkward. Their arms are huddled up, their elbows are too much in evidence, the skirt is caught up untidily by one hand, throwing the whole figure out of poise."

"I believe the reason is that everybody in this country is too active, too much in a hurry—not only the men who work, but the women also. How long can one be graceful under these circumstances? The women of my country are so happy and peaceful. They are never in haste."

As to dress, Mr. Markino said:

"The ladies of England are too fond of fashion. They copy the ladies of France. What will suit a Frenchwoman will never suit the Englishwoman. I do not like these short sleeves. They are out of place. I see a smart girl with a short sleeve. She seems to say to me: 'See, now, I am ready to do the scrubbing.'"

Another point which astounds him is the assurance of the English girl.

"She walks along with her head in the air, so haughty," Mr. Markino said.

"She is afraid of nothing. In our country to do so would not be modest. Our women go always with eyes cast to the ground. They are content to be women. They do not care to be 'maculines.'"

Not to Be Repeated.

"Yes," an old Indian fighter was saying, "the Sioux done something to me that they could never do again."

"What was that?"

"They scalped me."—N. Y. Times.

DR. THOS. H. GRANGER, D. D.S.

Manager, DOSS & GRANGER

Pioneer Dental Office

ESTABLISHED 1901. OVER FIRST NATIONAL BANK. PHONE 212.

We carry a full line of

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

Your Patronage Solicited

Moss & Scribner

LEADING GROCERS

'Phone 125 Main St

WANTS

M. K. T. Special

Round trip rates From Ada I. T.:

Birmingham, Ala., April 30 to May 8th, \$22.70.

Decatur, Ill., May 14th to 17th, \$21.85.

Kansas City, Mo., May 14th to 17th, \$14.50.

Los Angeles, Cal., April 25 to May 5, \$50.

St. Paul, Minn., May 28 to 31, \$26.85.

San Francisco, Cal., June 25 to July 7, \$52.

Mexico City, Mexico, June 25 to July 7, \$40.

Mexico City, Mexico, April 25 to May 5, \$38.

Chattanooga, Tenn., May 10 to 15, \$24.85.

Portland, Ore., June 18 to 22, \$47.55.

Springfield, Ill., May 31 to June 1 and 2, \$21.00.

Omaha, Neb., July 10 to 13, \$17.10.

Denver, Col., July 10 to 15, \$23.70.

C. F. Orchard, Agent.

To those who have had a photo made of their home for News' Souvenir Album, may obtain some of the photos at a great reduced price of the Peerless Portrait Co. 39-tf

A Mountain of Gold

could not bring as much happiness to Mrs. Lucia Wilke, of Caroline, Wis., as did one 25c box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, when it completely cured a running sore on her leg which had tortured her 23 long years. Greatest antiseptic healer of piles, wounds and sores. 25c at G. M. Ramsey's and Dr. F. Z. Holley's drug store.

If You Were

"BRED IN OLD KENTUCKY"

You should take advantage of the

Extremely Low Rates

TO

Louisville, Ky.

For the Occasion of the

Home Coming of Kentuckians, June 13th to 17th

THE

FRISCO

Will operate Through Cars from many points.

Rate, one fare plus \$2.00. Tickets sold June 11-12 13, from all stations. Open to Everybody.

For rates, routes, maps and other information apply to

DANGEROUS SHOW ANIMALS

Most Fickle and Dangerous Among Them Is the Intelligent Elephant.

The terrible attack upon a woman recently made by a lion in a London music hall recalls the fact that a still more dangerous show animal is the elephant. A bull elephant is one of the most fickle creatures known. He is good-natured and submissive one moment, and the next his keeper is simply a mass of pulp!

"An elephant," said an expert keeper, "is twice as dangerous as a lion, a tiger or a bear. Those animals have to be watched very carefully when one is with them in their cages, but the tension of watching lasts only a few minutes at a time. An elephant, on the other hand, is allowed more freedom, and as one cannot be on the alert all day long, he gets his chance when he wants it. He often fiercely resents even a mild joke.

"We elephant keepers grow fantastic after a few years of the work. We expect to be seized and trampled to death some day, but live in hopes that it may not be soon. The great danger is when an elephant is just turning into a rogue. All elephants turn rogues sooner or later, and they never recover. The female elephants turn rogues earlier, and are more violent than the males, and the females are more dangerous in ordinary times, too.

"A good elephant trained can command a big salary. I know one who has been receiving \$125 a week for 11 years. Mere keepers, however, are poorly paid."

DIDN'T FIGHT WITH THEM.

Yanks Didn't Use Poppuns, So the Johnnies Didn't Whip Them.

Representative W. Bourke Cockran was delivering an impassioned speech against the policy of increasing the navy, relates Success Magazine, when he declared with vigorous gesture that the people of Greater New York have no fear of being destroyed by a foreign foe. "The American spirit and courage in New York is so great, Mr. Speaker, that our people would repel a foreign foe with the cobblestones from the streets before they would surrender," finished Mr. Cockran.

Jorn Sharp Williams, of Mississippi, who was sitting near, remarked to those around him:

"That reminds me of an old blow-hard we had down our way. When war was declared he told his neighbors at the corner store that we could whip the Yankees with popguns. When the war was over, that same old fellow, who did so much bragging, was trying to explain the terrible result. Some one spoke up and remarked: 'I thought you said before the war that we could whip the Yankees with popguns.'

"I know I did," replied the old fellow, with ready wit, 'but the Yanks didn't fight us with popguns.'"

IS A CANADIAN PARADISE.

Beauties of "The Lake of Deep Waters" with Its Myriad Islands.

Temagami is shaped like an octopus, with long stretched-out arms, and its shores are indented with deep circling bays, island strewn and culminating in sharp points and curves that add to the beauty of this magical scene. "The lake of deep waters" is the meaning of the Indian word, and they lie deep and cool in their bed of granite; in stillness a perfect mirror, in storm darkly menacing, with foamed waves showing fang-like teeth, writes Kate Westlake Yeigh, in Four-Track News.

Being 100 square miles in area, Temagami forms one of Canada's great natural reservoirs. Mighty rivers from the height of land to the north flow into it, and it in turn feeds the streams that flow southward, carrying their life-giving waters through the forests to the peopled lands below. There are 1,400 islands in the lake, and the government has included the whole area in a magnificent forest reserve of a million and a half acres.

Old-Fashioned Morals Needed.

A number of people are proposing Woodrow Wilson, president of Princeton university, for the Democratic nomination for president of the United States in 1908. Dr. Wilson has already written his platform. It consists of one sentence, and yet covers nearly the whole field. It was contained in a recent address delivered by the Princeton president. It proposes as a solution for our economic problems the application "of old-fashioned morals to new-fashioned business." That's the whole thing in a nutshell.—Wall Street Journal.

Sailors Becoming Too Delicate.

The rising generation looks with horror upon the "roughing it" process at sea, which, a quarter of a century ago, was regarded by most boys as an absolute attraction. The twentieth century boy must have his comforts. What will the skipper of 12 or 15 years hence be like? We have a vision of a neurotic, delicate, gruel and muffer individual, who will be able to navigate his ship well enough in fair weather, but who, in times of stress, will require the assistance of a trained nurse.—Syren and Shipping.

Pre-Natal Influence.

"I wonder why those children have such awfully long faces?" said the visitor at the school.

"They were all born in flats," explained the teacher, "and knew they weren't wanted."—Detroit Free Press.

WHY HE COULDN'T SIT DOWN

Physical Impossibility with His Nether Limbs Clothed as They Were.

"I beg your pardon, but I'm in trouble," said a man who was well dressed and plainly excited to Sergt. Temperly at No. 3 police station, Armourdale, relates the Kansas City Journal. "Can you help me out?"

"I'll do my best," answered the obliging sergeant. "Sit down and tell me about it."

"No, I simply can't sit down," said the man, nervously.

"Must be serious to affect you like that," said the sergeant. "What is it?"

"You see, it is this way," said the man. "I came in on an early train from the west; and as I got up late, when the train was but a few minutes from the Union depot, I dressed in all haste. I had some business to attend to in Armourdale right away, and I paid my street car fare from some change I had in my overcoat pocket. But when I was standing at the corner of Fifth and Kansas a moment ago, for the first time I unbuttoned my overcoat and looked inside, and found—"

"That you had been robbed while on the train?" broke in the sergeant, interestedly.

"No," said the man, "I found that I had put my trousers on backward, and I can't sit down. What I want is a private place to change 'em."

SWEDISH SPIES IN NORWAY

Sent for the Purpose of Reporting on Work in Military Quarters.

A spy, who is reported by the authorities to be a Swede, had been detected in Fredrikshald, where he was particularly interested in Fredriksten and Hjelmskollen. At the latter place he was seen by a guard, who recognized him as a man who had been hanging around the fortifications at Kongsvinger last winter. When he was discovered he made his way to Swedish territory. The guard was instructed to keep watch of the man. Late at night he appeared again in Norwegian territory and was met by the guard. When they separated the guard took the footpath to Hjelmskollen and was not surprised to meet the spy again. The latter had disappeared.

The Swedes allege that Norway is preparing to erect a number of fortifications along Glommen, outside of the neutral zone established by the Karlstad treaty, and to replace the fortified points which were dismantled in accordance with the treaty. The Swedes declared that these plans show a distrust of Sweden and are uncalled for when no preparations of a similar nature are being made on the Swedish side of the border.

WOULDN'T ROB THE BISHOP

Pacific Coast Bandit Returned Valuables Taken from the Cleric.

"Not a great while ago there was as bold a bandit as ever bade men stand and deliver operating between Fairbanks and the mines tributary to that town," B. B. McGinn of Alaska, according to the Washington Post.

"This modern Dick Turpin, one Hendrickson by name, kept up his robberies for months and made many a good haul. He was a courteous brigand and not altogether mercenary."

"On one occasion Bishop Rowe of Alaska was confronted by Hendrickson and relieved of all his valuables. As the good man was about to depart the robber, noticing his garb, asked him if he were not a minister of the Gospel. 'Yes,' said the victim, 'I am Bishop Rowe.' 'Well, then,' replied Hendrickson, 'I can't think of despoiling you. I used to be a member of your church, and however bad I may be, I can't rob you.' With that he returned to the bishop all his property."

"A little while later Hendrickson was captured by the United States authorities, and is now in jail at Fairbanks."

Alarm Clock for Drinkers.

A pretty little device of the wicked which is attracting a good deal of attention in restaurants, cabarets, posadas, cafes and hospices these days is called the "jag indicator." It was invented for the benefit of good fellows who do not know when they have had enough to drink. It is a green frog, with pink specks upon its body, and is about three-quarters of an inch long. The customer receives one from the barman, which he is asked to put in his pocket and to place upon the bar before each subsequent drink. After a drink Mr. Crapaud is returned to the pocket. As soon as the customer sees upon the bar more than one frog, or thinks he sees the frog move, he is expected—nay, required—to quit drinking for the day.—N. Y. Press.

The Bodleian Library.

The Bodleian library, which was established in 1445, takes its name from Sir Thomas Bodley, who reestablished the library in 1597-1602, and presented it to the University of Oxford. It contains more than 500,000 printed volumes, 30,000 volumes of manuscripts, a great many first editions and early printings, and collections of coins and pictures.

"Blind Tiger" in a Church.

The Methodist pastor in the "dry" town of Waverly, Tenn., assisted the police to locate a "blind tiger" and was surprised to find that the illegal gin mill was in the church basement and conducted by two of the apparently most devout members of his congregation, a doctor and a justice of the peace.

THE ROBIN AS A RUNNER.

Question of Curious Subscriber Answered by the Obliging Editor.

"I saw a freak in birdology as I was coming from my house to my office, and called the attention of two others to it who were standing near by. There were several robins running about in the yard adjoining my lot, and among them was one with a white head and neck. Will the president of the Audubon society please tell us how to account for it?"

Pending Mr. Pearson's explanation, says the Charlotte News and Observer, we would suggest that a robin never runs, since he can use one leg only synchronously with the other, and both have to go the same way at once. It is a funny thing about a robin's legs, but they are dependent to a degree. Perhaps the robin ran because he was white-headed. Now, why he is white-headed is another question. The principle of the albion characteristics of heads that once were black and now are white has never been solved except by those concerns which advertise to make white heads black—and they won't tell.

But if this robin has learned how to run, he is the oldest in the flock certainly. We put it down to old age at a hazard.

LAUGHTER AND DIGESTION.

It Has Been Shown That Mirthfulness Stimulates Gastric Secretion.

Nothing will take the place of good cheer and laughter at meals or any other time in the home. There is a vital connection between amiability and digestion—between good cheer and assimilation, writes Orison Sweet Marden, in Success Magazine. Laughter is the best friend the liver has, and depression, or melancholia, its worst enemy. Numerous experiments have shown that mirth and cheerfulness stimulate the secretion of the gastric juices, and are powerful aids to digestion. Yet, knowing this, many of us sit as gloomy and absorbed at the table as at a funeral. In many homes, scarcely a word is spoken at meals, outside of requests for an article of food.

The meal hour ought to mean something besides supplying a mere animal function. The bell which calls the family to the table ought to be the signal for a good time generally, when all cares should be thrown off and everybody appear at his best. It ought to signalize the time for mirth and laughter. It ought to be looked forward to by the members of the family as the recess or nooning is looked forward to by pupils in school, as a let-up from the strenuous life.

SOMETHING ABOUT ECLIPSES

Not the Same in Manifestation as They Were in Former Days.

Eclipses are not what they used to be. The eclipse, with its accompanying phenomena, was observed a generation ago as the manifestation of certain effects of heat and light, but far more complex is the vision of the investigator of to-day. Prof. T. T. Thomson and the Cavendish school have placed the electro-magnetic theories of matter and of radiation on the firmest of bases. We now think of a body which, like the sun, radiates energy, as sending out not heat and light but corpuscles, electrons of almost popular notoriety, positive and negative ions, and rays and emanations of such varied types and complexities that elucidation and definition still await them.

Then, too, M. Lebedet and Messrs. Nichols and Hall have confirmed the theory of the pressure exerted by light. Consequently we cannot now look at the corona as a simple glow—it must be viewed as the complex expressions of light exerted on particles within its ethereal territory, of the action and interaction of pulsating carriers of composite electricity and matter.

Imported Irish Sod.

On the very rare occasions that snakes have been found in Ireland explanation of the phenomena has always been forthcoming. One was brought in a bundle of shrubs, another in a packing case, and yet another—this time a dead one—was introduced by an English visitor. All have proved of alien extraction. Even science cannot disprove the Irish belief in St. Patrick as a Pied Piper. Here is an incident illustrative of this belief: A son of Erin emigrated to Australia, and quickly made a fortune. He was happy except for one trial—snakes. "Oh, for an Australian St. Patrick!" he moaned. And then came an inspiration—he wired for a load of the soil of old Ireland. Only when he had strewn the precious mold about his dwelling could he sleep in peace.—London Tribune.

Where Londoners Were Born.

Light is thrown upon the subject of ancestral Londoners in the latest volume of the report of the London traffic commission. From one of these we learn that of the 4,500,000 people in the administrative county of London only 3,000,000 were born in it. But that is probably a larger proportion than most people were aware of.

Good Sign.

"I guess I must be getting old and ugly," sighed the pretty girl at the flower stand.

"What's the matter?" asked the public stenographer.

"Nowadays all the men count their change."—Cleveland Leader.

STRENGTH OF OPEN SKY.

The Great Things of Earth Are Concealed in the Free Out-of-Doors.

What great deed was ever done indoors? What great thing of the earth in art, in science, in romance was ever conceived and brought forth within walls? Pathos grows there, and small tragedy, and bitterness and pessimism; but not great tragedy, nor the vast and useful pessimism which uplifts human nature and humanity, writes Emerson Hough, in the Reader. The joyous, hopeful, optimistic things, the large and cheerful motives, are found beneath the sky. The Indians say that the babe born in the wind will be chief, and that might well be so. What strong blood ever grew indoors? What great drama of the ages was ever played there? What duel on the stair ever equalled the battle under the trees? Science may delve, lamp wise; but what great things even of science came wholly from within walls? Electricity, navigation by the stars—the things which have really conquered the world—did these appear to man as he studied at some table side? No, the great and sweet things of knowledge came from the naked stars. Guilty and troublous wisdom may have housing, concealment, and so make confession that it is evil; but before guilty Eden knowledge was out of doors.

ENGLISH AS A CLASSIC.

Study of the Language Is Now Pre-dominant in American Colleges.

A generation ago the education of a college man confined itself almost entirely to a study of Latin, Greek, philosophy and metaphysics, while now the study of history, economics and other subjects of practical bearing predominates, says President Schurman, as reported in the Cornell Sun. Interest in the classical languages has now largely abated, even with persons who make a study of them. The student was formerly supposed to get his training from Greek and Latin; English he studied incidentally. Now the study of English is predominant in the American colleges. This should not be considered, however, as a disparagement of the progress of American culture; it should be remembered that the Greeks themselves wrought out their wonderful culture, literature and art entirely without the aid of a foreign language. The schoolboys of Greece were required to commit to memory the best poems of the language—notably the poems of Homer—which shaped their thoughts, conversation and acts, and finally their character.

POSTAGE STAMP TONGUE.

Disorder Resulting from the Unclean Habit of Licking the Stamps.

"A number of ailments, some of them extremely dangerous, are comprised under the general head of postage-stamp tongue," said a physician. "Postage-stamp tongue, in a word, is any disorder contracted from the licking of postage stamps."

"Three or four persons a week visit me with postage-stamp tongues. They have a throat trouble, or a skin disease, or a pulmonary complaint, brought on by the reckless habit of stamp licking."

"A stamp should never be licked, as its gummy surface is always squirming and pulsating with germs. If any licking is to be done, let it be applied to the right-hand corner of the envelope, where the stamp goes, for there the germs are apt to be sparser."

"To be safe, though, the tongue should never be applied to either envelope or stamp. A damp sponge should be used in the tongue's stead."

Billion of Nickels.

More than one billion passengers were carried on the surface, elevated and subway roads of Greater New York last year. The exact number of paid fares was 1,171,151,698, an increase of 93,493,451. Of these fewer than a quarter were transferred. The increase in transfers fell far below the increase in paid fares, which is somewhat accounted for by the increased evasion of the free-transfer law by the transportation companies. On the basis of total car mileage there were six passengers paying a five-cent fare for every mile that a car traveled. Increase in car mileage about kept pace with the increase in passengers, showing that the cars are now crowded to the limit of traffic.—N. Y. World.

France's Young Cabinet.

Though not perhaps quite so young as the cabinet of Mr. Balfour in England, which was, in this respect, a striking departure from tradition, the new ministry formed in France by M. Sarrien cannot be considered old. The premier, M. Sarrien, is himself its "patriarch," and he is only 66. M. Clemenceau comes next in order with 65, and he is followed by M. Etienne, the war minister, who is 62. Then comes the men in their fifties, M. Thomson and M. Bourgeois. None of the rest are yet out of their forties. Of these M. Ruau is the youngest. He is only 41.

Surf Birds Travel Far.

That birds of the family termed surf birds in the Hawaiian islands should leave that paradise of the Pacific to go and rear their young in the tundras of Alaska would seem to many an extraordinary proceeding. Yet the turnstone and the black-bellied plover and the Pacific golden plover make the long journey of about 4,000 miles thither annually.

BRUTAL SHEEP-SHEARING.

Removal of Pieces of Skin While Struggling Is of Common Occurrence.

In the farther west, where by far the greater number of sheep are raised, the shearing is often done by roving hands of shearers whose only thought is to dispose of as many heads as possible in a day, says Country Life in America. To remove a piece of skin as large as the palm of the hand is a trifling matter to them. Sometimes it is the case with a struggling sheep that this mishap occurs several times. It is rare indeed for a sheep to pass through this ordeal without a skin puncture in one or more places. Reference is made to hand shears, but the excellent invention of power shearing machines has not removed all the danger of injury to the sheep. With these clippers in the hands of a careless or indifferent man it is an easy matter to stick the points of the guards into the sheep or to cut slits in its skin. It must not be made to appear, however, that the shearers of the west are more cruel than those of the great sheep raising countries of Argentina, New Zealand or Australia, but the practice is none the less reprehensible, and worthy the protest of all humane citizens. In the sheep shearing contest at the world's fair at St. Louis last October some of the contestants were so "bloody" in their work that the sheep and goats when released presented a sickening sight. Because of this fact, the judges of the contest, so far as the machines were concerned, went beyond their prescribed duties to rebuke the inhumane work.

HORSE'S LOVE OF HOME.

Longing for Familiar Stall One of the Animal's Strongest Instincts.

The strongest instinct in the horse is that of home—his thoughts and interests lie there—and the most wearing pain he suffers is that of nostalgia—the longing for the familiar stall and the well-loved surroundings, says Outing Magazine. What wonder that our pets almost invariably return to us from such unhappy experiences mere shadows of their former selves, and in such wretchedly bodily condition that it is months before they regain their usual health and spirits. We blame the man in charge, poor feed, bad stabling, insufficient pasturage, etc., and overlook entirely the fact that it is our own fault, and the direct result of heart-hunger which no grass, grain or roof-tree could entirely assuage. Of course, the little-used muscles have, from lack of exercise, shrunk and lost their firmness and plumpness; the crest has fallen from the same cause; "poverty lines" appear in the quarters and shoulders; the tail and mane are all out of shape, or all worn away; the feet stubbed off; the coat dingy and sun-burnt; the skin full of all manner of scars, cuts and abrasions; all these are the effect, not the cause, of the lack of bodily condition which is two-thirds due sheerly and solely, in the high-bred, nervous, sensitive horse, to simple homesickness.

GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS

Distribution of Official Volumes an Element Apart from Their Usefulness.

The printing law of 1895 (still in force) specified the edition and disposition of the principal annual publications of the government, writes W. S. Rossiter, in Atlantic. The total "number"—whether single volumes or sets of "parts"—authorized by this law was 982,600, afterwards increased to 1,115,600. Of this aggregate congress reserved for itself as quota 88 per cent. The quota arose, and has flourished, principally for two reasons. Naturally enough, the voter rather likes to obtain something for nothing, and the receipt of expensive publications from the member of congress for the district involves an element of flattery, just as does the receipt of a package of agricultural department garden seeds from the same source. The books may not be of any practical value to the recipient, and the seeds may never grow, but the object of their dispatch has been secured. Thus there has grown up in connection with the distribution of official volumes an element totally apart from the usefulness of the publication or the appropriateness of its destination.

Changes in English.

The English is a living language, and is bound to change both in spelling and grammar. There was a time when the split infinitive was more widely accepted than it is to-day and the double quadruple negative was in good repute. There was also a time when spelling was so different from present usage as to be nearly unintelligible now—which caused Artemus Ward's witty remark that Chaucer may have been a great poet, but he could not spell. As long as a language is alive change is its order, as it is with any living thing—change is life.—Indianapolis News.

No Advantage in Showing Wealth.

Mrs. Trotter—You'd better get the clerk to put your money in the safe, John. One never knows what may happen in these hotels.

Mr. Trotter—Great Scott, Mary! I don't want the clerk to know I have all this money. He hasn't made out my bill yet.—Browning's Magazine

New Industry.

Knicker—What is Smith's business? Bocker—He manufactures second-hand automobiles.—N. Y. Sun.

HORNS OF THE REVOLUTION

Charges Were Sounded on Quaint Instruments Made of Wood.

Whenever you see revolutionary soldiers dressed in regulation uniforms and blowing on brass horns you must admire the picture, but at the same time remember that no artists were in that fight. Artists make things very attractive, but not always true to life, says the Philadelphia Public Ledger.

There was not a uniformed regiment in the army. The grand old fellows fought in hunting garb or the dress they wore on the farm, store, church or tavern. So with the horns or bugles. Those that sounded Johnson's charges in the war of 1812 and the death-knell of the great Indian chief Tecumseh, were the old wooden horn of Capt. Bob Collins.

This was made of two cedar staves, three-sixteenths of an inch in thickness. These were trimmed and so bent that when the edges joined they formed a funnel-shaped instrument four inches in diameter at the large end and tapered down to a convenient size at the mouthpiece. The two cedar staves were held in place by hoops made of cow's horn.

Whether Capt. Bob had acquired the habit of blowing a wooden horn in the army, or whether he had once been a flatboatman (who used such horns altogether) is not known. It is, however, certain that the good man sounded reveille at sunrise until his death in 1864. The neighbors for miles around saw the sunrise unheralded after Capt. Bob was called home, and his quaint instrument was never used again. It has been preserved, though, by Mrs. Anne Mayhill, his granddaughter, who cherishes it in her home in Kentucky, where it is an honored relic.

APPRECIATED PERFORMANCE

Looked Like the Real Thing and the Company Had to Do It All Over.

The late Joseph Jefferson used to say that his career came very near being nipped in the bud in a small western town, relates Success Magazine. He at that time was a member of a small pioneer company which progressed by means of three "bull teams" from one mining camp to another. They were always heartily received by the miners and cowboys, who readily paid the five dollars in gold required to witness their performance. Mr. Jefferson was the traditional melodramatic villain, and in the third act was supposed to kidnap "the child." The supposed mother, hearing its cries, rushes upon the scene just as he is about to escape, and fires a fruitless shot from a revolver.

Upon this particular occasion all had gone well until this scene was reached, and the audience, many of whom had never before seen any kind of theatrical performance, sat as if spellbound. At the crack of the mother's revolver, however, the spell was rudely broken.

"By heaven, she missed him!" a red-shirted miner in the front row shouted, drawing his own "six-shooter" and leaping to his feet. "Round to the back door and head him off 'fore he can get a hoss, boys!" he yelled, and following him, half the audience stampeded for the exit.

The excitement was finally allayed by the "mother" and the villain's appearing hand in hand before the curtain, and the manager's explanation of the situation. When the performance had been concluded, the audience insisted on paying another admission price and having an immediate repetition from beginning to end.

RECESSION OF THE FALLS.

Rate at Which the Niagara Cataract Has Worn Its Way Backward.

The only reliable data that can form a basis for speculation as to the progress of Niagara Falls from Lake Ontario to the present site is found by comparing the two surveys that have been made of the falls, one in 1842 and the other in 1886, writes Archer Butler Hulbert, in Four-Track News. The first of these was a trigonometrical survey made by Dr. John Hall, nestor of the New York State geological survey. At the suggestion of Sir Charles Lyell, who visited the falls with him, monuments were erected at the points at which the angles were taken in order that some later surveyor would be able to find with accuracy the exact extent of the changes. The second survey was made in 1886 by R. S. Woodward, of the United States geological survey, now director of the Carnegie institute at Washington. The result surprised the world. Woodward's survey showed that the falls had moved 220 feet since 1842; the rate at the center had been, therefore, five feet per annum; Woodward proved that the tremendous area of five acres of rock had been precipitated from the face of the fall in the half century.

Logical.

Two Irishmen were digging a sewer. One of them was a big, strong man about six feet four inches in height and the other was a little, puny man about four feet six inches. The foreman came along to see how the work was progressing, and noticed that one of them was doing more work than the other.

"Look here," he cried, "how is it that little Dennis Dugan, who is only half your size, is doing nearly twice as much work as you, Patrick?"

Glancing down at his partner, Pat replied: "And why shouldn't he; ain't he nearer to it?"—Philadelphia Ledger.



PROGRESSIVENESS IN GOOD CLOTHES BUILDING

CONSIDERED FROM THE CUSTOMER'S STANDPOINT

Take the man who now pays \$20 for a suit, though his limit used to be \$15. He looks better in the newer garments, and he knows it. Show him a suit for \$20 five years ago and he would laugh at the WORKMANSHIP. Neither the fit nor the tailoring would satisfy him today. Verily we are all progressing.

We are sole agents for the celebrated
KIRSCHBAUM HAND MADE CLOTHING

Scott-Hoard Co

HORSE THEFT FLUCTUATES WITH PREVAILING PRICES

Muskogee, I. T., May 16.—According to United States Commissioner W. R. Hoyt, there have been fourteen horsethieves arrested in this district since May 1. This is a most unusual record. The commissioner gives as the reasons for it the following: "Horsethieves have lots of good sense. Eighteen months ago you seldom heard of a case of horse stealing. Now they come every day. The price of horses has gone so high that if a thief can steal a team and get away with it nowdays, he is good for \$250 at least, and more, unless the horses are plugs. Again, a thief who

pleaded guilty in my court yesterday when asked why he was stealing horses now, replied: 'Well, there is plenty of grass, now, and I don't have to buy feed. A man is a fool to steal horses in the winter time, when he has to pay for feed.' This seemed to be a satisfactory answer. That and the high prices are the most potent reasons."

Not long ago when cattle were high there were a great many thieves and many stockmen suffered considerable losses. When the price went down, the cattle stealing business dropped off and the horses commenced to disappear.

SHAWNEE PREPARES TO ENTERTAIN PRESS BOYS

Shawnee, Ok., May 16.—The people of Shawnee are making arrangements for the entertainment of the Oklahoma and Indian Territory press boys who will meet in annual convention here on Friday and Saturday of this week. When Shawnee had a few wooden business houses and a church, her citizens right royally entertained the Oklahoma Press Association and the meeting opened with prayer in a small church. The population at that time was 700. She now has a population of 20,000 with fine brick blocks, railroad shops, paved streets, electric cars and the reception committee will see that the double-headed association will enjoy themselves at Shawnee this week. This will undoubtedly be the best press meeting ever held

in the Southwest on account of the organization of the Oklahoma State Press Association from the associations of the two territories. Headquarters have been established at the new five story brick hotel—The Maywood.

G. A. R. at Tulsa.

Tulsa, I. T., May 16.—The territorial G. A. R. encampment meets here next Thursday and Friday. Commander J. F. Ayars of the local post said this morning that 350 visitors would attend, including veterans and ladies of the W. R. C.

Who'll Be the Next?

The News force dined on strawberries again today, a box of mammoth berries being presented to them this morning by Martin Hively.

STANTON MURDER TRIAL WILL BE CONCLUDED TONIGHT

The Stanton murder trial will end this, Wednesday evening, unless something unexpected comes up. Nine of the ten defendants, all in fact except the Indian, expressed a desire to make a statement and they are being subjected to a severe examination by E. Hamilton, Assistant United States Attorney, of Chickasha, who arrived at noon. Each of the defendants who have been examined, disclaim all knowledge of the murder. There seems to be an inclination to throw the

murder onto the Indian, but those who are trying the case feel that they know the man who did the stabbing, although others may be implicated in the affair. The most rigid examination failed to make any of the men waver in their testimony. It has been a hard case to unravel owing to the large number of men arrested charged with the crime. The defendants have nearly all been examined and it is thought that the trial will be over late this evening.

U. S. MARSHAL AMBUSHED AND SHOT IN BREAST

Coalgate, I. T., May 16.—Last Sunday a man came to Coalgate and shot up the town and when Deputy Marshal Bradshaw attempted to arrest him he compelled him to drop his pistol at the point of a Winchester.

Monday night as he was in search of the party Bradshaw was ambushed by four men who began firing on him. He returned the fire until his ammunition was exhausted, when he retreated with a wound in his left breast.

Hearing of the difficulty a posse from this city started to the

scene, and when about three miles from the city they were assailed by a party armed with Winchester, who compelled them to return in haste.

A large force of United States Marshals and citizens are searching the woods for the gang and it is thought their capture is only a matter of a few hours.

It was reported in surrounding towns that Bradshaw had been killed and his many friends will be glad to learn that he is very much alive, his wound being but slight.

MINERS TORN TO ATOMS BY DYNAMITE EXPLOSION

Shenandoah, Pa., May 15.—Five miners were torn to pieces and twelve badly burned by an explosion of dynamite in the Shenandoah city colliery of the Philadelphia and Reading coal and Iron Company yesterday.

A box of dynamite which a workman was carrying fell from his shoulder and caused the explosion, which ignited the mine gas. There were about fifty men

at work in the east gangway of the shaft when the explosion occurred, but so far as known all escaped except those working on the first lift. In this part of the shaft none escaped either death or injury. All the men were mutilated beyond identification.

The force of the concussion was terrific. Doors were torn off and brattices were wrecked, every section of the mine feeling the effect of the shock.

GORE WILL DELIVER THE ANNUAL ADDRESS

Norman, Ok., May 16.—A large and appreciative audience greeted the class of 1906, and the speaker at the annual baccalaureate service held at the opera house Monday morning. Dr. George H. Bradford, president of the Epworth university, delivered an able address. The annual exercises of the class will be held at the Fanning opera house Thursday evening. Special music has been provided for and Hon. T. P. Gore, the blind orator, will deliver the annual address to the class. Norman is proud of its graduates of 1906 and it is expected a large audience will greet Senator Gore on the 17th. The class numbers thirteen, eight young women and five young men.

James Crawford was tried in the U. S. court today charged with assault with intent to kill. The case was dismissed but he pleaded guilty to carrying a gun and was fined fifty dollars and costs.

Governor Hoch on Statehood
Chickasha, I. T., May 16.—Governor and Mrs. Hoch of Kansas are visiting the family of United States Federal Judge Dickerson, Mrs. Hoch being a sister of the judge. Governor Hoch said it was an outrage that Oklahoma and Indian Territory should go begging congress for their statehood rights.

"This is the time when the West should assert itself. Draw a line through St. Louis and two-thirds of the country is west of it."

"The West should dominate the country and it can do so. I'm tired of seeing a lot of 'dinky' little Eastern states running things."

Accidentally Hurt.

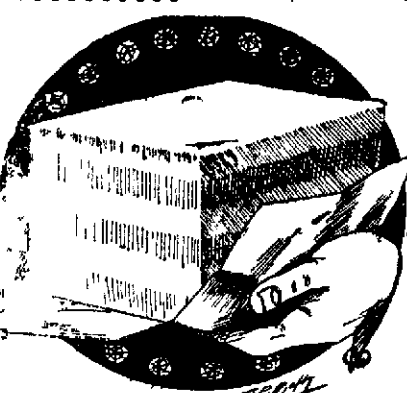
Herbert Hurst, aged six, was painfully hurt last night by an older brother who was cutting wood. He did not realize that the little fellow was so near and struck him in the face with the ax, knocking four teeth out and splitting his lips open.

Making Good Promises AND MAKING PROMISES GOOD

Are two different expressions made up of the same words, but so construed as to mean two entirely different things. Anybody can make good promises. It's harder to make promises good. The only way to make good in the clothing business is to have the right kind of clothes at the right kind of prices. No amount of fine talk in the newspapers will overcome poor clothing or high prices in the store. Come to

I. HARRIS.

and see if you can properly be suited.



Many Flavors to One Brick or Each Flavor Separate

Ice Cream

by the piece or quantity. Pure and delicious in either case. Cooling and nourishing. The richest country cream and finest flavors are used in the production of our Ice Cream, and the greatest care is taken to have it and our Water Ices the best in the city.

Crystal Ice Cream Co.

PAUL W. ALLEN,

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

Horses Boarded by Day or Week.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Best of Service.

Allen Livery Barn

South Townsend Ave.,

Phone 64.

Doctors are Chosen

For their skill and ability in curing diseases. You should also select your Druggist for their ability and accuracy in preparing your Doctor's Prescriptions from the Purest Drugs, in order that you get the best results from the medicine. Nothing should be too good for the sick. We carry a full line of Pure Drugs and Fine Chemicals, and would be glad to have you bring us your Prescriptions.

G. M. RAMSEY, Druggist.
(Successor to Clark Drug Co.)

OTIS B. WEAVER

Continues in the Real Estate Business

And will give careful and energetic attention to all business entrusted. He has some rare bargains in Ada real estate. Manager for beautiful Sunrise Addition. Office headquarters for prospectors

Weaver Building, 12th and Broadway.

Patronize Home Industry

By Buying Ice From

Ada Ice and Fuel Co.

Keep Your Money at Home.

We Handle the Best Grades of Coal.

Phone 249.

Office at Ice Plant.

OVERDRAFTS

It is becoming well known by business men that overdrafts, whether large or small, are not approved by the comptroller of the currency. The large central banks allow overdrafts only in a very small way, and this, it matters not how small, is not approved by the powers that be. This unbusinesslike habit of overdrafts grew out of advancing on moving products, such as cotton, grain and fat stock on the move. The overdraft system is wrong and the man whose account is always overdrawn is the man who spends more money than he makes and will finally have no bank account.

Ada National Bank.

Capital and Surplus, \$68,500.

Ada, Ind. Ter

OTIS B. WEAVER PUBLISHER
M. D. STAINER, BUSINESS MANAGER

Entered as Second class matter March 26, 1904, at the Postoffice at Ada, Indian Territory, under the Act of Congress March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates furnished on application.

STAY BY HOME FOLKS.

Some of our merchants have their ire raised because an agent from a mail order house is in town canvassing the trade. Ada people should trade at Ada stores. No one would want to locate in a town that did not have good stores. Ada has them and stores, too, that are far ahead of stores in other towns this size. Show your appreciation of this fact by giving them your patronage and thus enable them to keep their stock up to its present high standard.

But the merchant must not sit idle and let other firms come in town and capture his trade. He must be up and doing. He must advertise and let the people know he is not dead but still doing business at the old stand.

It is with gratification the News notes the Indian Union Signal has been re-recorded the right of transmission through the mails as second class matter. We congratulate Brother Dawes upon his victory over the petty despotism of the postal authorities. His paper as the twin territorial organ of the Farmers' Union, has a noble mission to perform, and the suspension of the paper's postal privileges was an outrage.

THE editors of the two territories are looking forward with much pleasure to the meeting of the Press Association which will occur at Shawnee Friday and Saturday of this week. The Association has met annually for about ten years and each meeting has been a feast of reason and a flow of souls, but this one, it is confidently expected, will surpass all other meetings, both in point of interest and benefit which will be derived. When such a brilliant set of men as the editors of the two territories get together you may expect things to be done. The future of the two territories rests largely with the newspapers. No class of men have so much weight in bringing about desired conditions as editors, and nothing wields the influence that a newspaper does. Matters of vast importance, not only to the editors themselves, but to the people at large, will be discussed at this meeting and much benefit will be derived from the exchange of ideas. Every editor in the two territories should make it a point to be present.

KING SERVED IN NAVY.

The New Ruler of Norway Passed Through Some Rough Experiences.

Norway's new king was once an apprentice in the Danish navy. In the vessel to which he belonged he was called by his first name—that is, Karl the Danish—and he had to eat the same "grub" and stand the same hardships as all the other apprentices. Although everybody knew him to be a prince of the realm, no deference whatever was paid to him as such. On the contrary, he was "hazed" and made miserable in good old shipmate style. He took his medicine bravely enough. On board ship he had to mend his own clothes, darn his socks, sew on buttons and keep his weapons and accoutrements in order. He slept in a regulation sailor's hammock, with his clothes rolled up under his head for a pillow, without a nightshirt and wearing only a sailor's woolen striped undershirt and bundled up in a woolen blanket, sometimes with his sea boots dangling by the hammock rope. He used to make the big brass binnacle flash like silver mail. He could never quite get used to chewing tobacco, which in the eyes of every true apprentice is one of the cardinal virtues, and whenever he was seasick, which often happened, he used to sit in the gangway on a bucket and chew rye bread.

QUESTION IN CHEMISTRY.

Twofold Chemical Change That Student Said Lot's Wife Had Undergone.

"Well, boys," said the professor of chemistry to his class at the Columbia college laboratory the other day, "how many of you have brought original questions to-day? You know in college work it is the student who does the most in original research who later becomes the successful scientist."

There was the usual silence, then a freshman, in quest of a reputation as a wit, said:

"Professor, what twofold chemical change did Lot's wife undergo?"

The professor, doubting the sincerity of the questioner, but not wishing to discourage any form of scientific inquisitiveness, said he knew of but one change, and of that only through hearsay, and if there had been any other he would be glad to hear what it was.

"Well," said the gleeful freshman, "first she turned to rubber; then she turned again into a pillar of salt."

Poor Man!

"What is a summer resort, pa?" "A man entirely surrounded by a body of water."—Judge.

Too Well-Known.

"Pop!" "Yes, my son." "Does a bank loan money?" "Yes, my boy."

"Well, the bank will only loan the money if it knows the man, I suppose?"

"It is often the case, my son, that that is the time it won't loan him the money."—Yonkers Statesman.

A RECIPE FOR DIAMONDS.

If Anyone Wants to Make a Few, Here Is the Way to Go About It

Would you like to know how to manufacture diamonds—real diamonds? The process is somewhat difficult, requiring time, patience and some outlay of money, but then consider the possible results! The diamond, we know, says the New York Herald, is simply carbon in a transparent crystalline form. It comes of humble parentage and is brother to the lump of coal.

Unlike easily crystallizable bodies, carbon is insoluble in all ordinary solvents, but molten metals will combine with it. Let the diamond maker choose iron for a solvent for charcoal, melting it in an electric furnace, allowing it to take up as much carbon as it can—in other words, saturate itself with carbon. The crucible containing the white hot metal should then be plunged into a bath of molten lead. The result will be that globules of iron will rise to the surface of the lead and are quickly cooled on the outer surface. Inside the hard crust the iron remains for some time in a molten condition, and, as iron expands in solidifying, the contents of these little globules receive a pressure unattainable by any other means. When the lead becomes solidified some bullets of iron will be found bound up in the mass. Dissolve with some powerful acid first the lead and then the iron, and a residue of carbonaceous matter will be found to contain tiny crystals—real diamonds. Any chemist with a well equipped laboratory can make diamonds in this way, but the largest of them will not be more than a fiftieth of an inch in diameter.

Birth of a New Russia.

However completely the czar's government may enforce its authority in rebellious cities and districts, there is a new Russia to be reckoned with. The old order has passed away. The proof is found in the free speech of the Russian press. The bare fact that a St. Petersburg daily has dared to predict that if the revolts are crushed now they will break out again in January or February stronger than ever proves a tremendous change. The only line of movement is forward. Free speech must lead to freedom in all things, to the degree that the country may be able to assimilate and make good use of liberty.—Cleveland Leader.

The American Chameleon.

The American chameleon, a small lizard (Anolis carolinensis), inhabits various parts of the southern United States. The little animal has the remarkable habit of quickly and completely changing its colors, varying from brown to yellow of pale green. Its food consists of insects. The little animal is perfectly harmless to higher forms of life, is often kept as a pet, and has been worn attached to a chain as an ornament. The toes are provided with adhesive pads, which enable the lizard to run upon smooth vertical surfaces.—St. Nicholas.

CUPID IN A TRUST.

IOWA PASTORS IN PACT REGARDING MARRIAGES.

Ministers Believe Divorce Is a Necessity and Would Control Weddings and Thus Out-Rate—New Law Is Advocated.

Des Moines, Ia.—To form a trust for the purpose of controlling matrimonial ventures is the latest movement on the part of Des Moines ministers. The plans were discussed at a regular weekly meeting of the Ministerial association, and if they are carried out Des Moines will no longer be the Green Green for lovers who have not for months calmly reflected over the logic of matrimony.

After a liberal discussion the ministers came to the final judgment that divorce is now a necessity, because of the improper matrimonial ties, and they propose to cure the social evil by guarding the entrance into the matrimonial fields by the strongest safeguards.

The agitation was started by Rev. Orlan W. Fifer, pastor of Grace Methodist Episcopal church, who declared that he is firm in the belief that no man should put asunder those whom God hath joined together, but he expressed the firm belief that God has little to do with many of the modern weddings. He claimed to have had an interview with Judge William H. McHenry, of the equity court here, in which he learned that fully two-thirds of the divorces were granted in cases where love probably had played a very small part in the marriage. He stated that he believed one of the greatest evils is because men and women plunge into marriage without the proper preparation.

The ministers took up the discussion in a lively manner and practically entered into an agreement that ministers will not in the future marry so indiscriminately.

The preachers believe that where a divorce is wanted there should be arranged a schedule of years according to the offense of the guilty party in which he or she must remain single.

It has also been agreed that the pastors will demand to know the past history of the participants, their financial condition and their past ventures, if any. It is expected that at the next meeting of the association rules will be drawn up governing the performance of marriages. The ministers will ask the cooperation of the justices of the peace.

It is possible that their present action will result in asking the legislature this winter to pass a law making more stringent requirements for securing a license.

LOVE, LIVE ON \$3 A WEEK

Young Plumber Takes Bride—Both Are Happy on Small Income—Secret Gets Out.

Philadelphia.—If at the lowest possible estimate it cost a mother three dollars a week to board and clothe a growing boy, how can a young man nearly 20 take unto himself a wife and keep her in this sum—without keeping her in want?

This might be a difficult problem for some persons, but James Higgins, a 19-year-old plumber's apprentice, who lives on Stiles street, east of Eighteenth, believes a man can get married and keep a wife in comfort on this munificent sum.

Higgins loved 18-year-old Ella Ragan. They recently decided that if two persons were in love, money was of no consequence, they could live on love and kisses.

An elopement followed, and they were married. They decided to go to their homes and keep the marriage a secret until such a time as Higgins should blossom out as a full-fledged plumber, or until a time when his long-dreamed-of increase in wages should come true.

A friend betrayed them, and now all their friends and acquaintances are asking them "if it is true."

CUT SOLDIERS' BURIAL CASH

Bodies of Men Killed in United States Will Not Be Sent Home at Government Expense.

Washington.—The body of a soldier killed in active service cannot be sent home to his relatives at government expense for burial if he dies in the United States. Moreover, the body must be placed in the coffin issued by the quartermaster general's department. This was the decision of the comptroller of the treasury in the case of Private Albert Leste, Twenty-ninth battery field artillery, who was killed at Fort Riley, Kan., last October.

His commanding officer wished to send his body to his relatives for burial and desiring a better coffin than was supplied by the quartermaster's department, which was only allowed to spend \$35 for that purpose, he offered to supply the necessary additional funds.

Scarcity of American Ships.

Out of 4,217 arrivals of all classes of vessels from foreign ports at New York last year the American flag flew over only 760 ships. According to figures given out at the bureau office recently 478 of the 760 vessels were steam powered, and there were five ships, 25 barks, six brigs and 246 schooners among the sailing vessels. In this time there were 2,844 steamships under foreign flags entered at the customhouse, of which 1,355 were British and 521 German.

BLUE RIBBON FOR BRAINS.

English Wise Men Will Enter an Interuniversity Thinking Match.

British thinkers, rebelling against the custom of awarding great prizes to college athletes and neglecting the thinkers, have proposed and are urging throughout the kingdom a "blue ribbon for brains," an interuniversity contest between the thinkers and students, for an award of merit.

The neglect of brains and the constant lauding of brawn in the press of Britain, as well as in university circles, has called forth the protest and the demand for recognition and reward of the brainy men of the great schools.

Just what form the thinking match for the championship is to assume is not stated. Those who are urging the contest plead that nine men from each of the great universities meet in the contests. Whether it will consist of looking wise, or in oratory, in written examinations in certain subjects, they do not state. The contest may take the form of the standing long think, or the running high think, or the two-minute handicap think, or the long distance think.

At any rate, the proposition is to make the event of the blue ribbon thinking match of all England and to show the thinkers that they are esteemed as high at least as are the athletes. Who will be the first champion thinker of Great Britain is a question of vital interest.

WAS NOT HALF THROUGH

Darkey Pursued by Ghost Was Going to Make Better Time.

Two men in a southern town, getting into an argument made a wager that one of them could not hire a darkey to stay all night in a well known haunted house, which no one would occupy.

Hunting up a strapping negro the man offered him \$5 to stay in the house during the night, keeping awake all of the time.

The negro entered the place in the evening and kept walking back and forth to keep from going to sleep. Promptly on the stroke of midnight the ghost appeared. Unlike most ghosts, this one was pleasant and affable and, seeing the man, said: "Ah, good evening; it seems there will be two of us here to-night."

With bulging eyes and drooping jaw the other managed to stammer: "Y-y-yas sah, b-b-but dey won't be long."

And suiting the action to the words he went out of the house and down the road as hard as he could run, with the ghost in close pursuit. When completely out of breath, the darkey sat down by the roadside to rest, and the ghost, coming up, blandly remarked: "That was a very pleasant run we had just now."

And the darkey replied: "Yas, sah—but it ain't nuffin to de one—we're—going ter hab."

Envious.

Mrs. Dryun.—They say that Mrs. Smiley has driven her husband to drink. Dryun.—Just my miserable luck! "Why, what do you mean, my dear?" "I had almost made up my mind to propose to her when I met you."—Chicago Daily News.

'Twill Break His Heart.

Bronco Bill.—De sheriff hez posted a reward uv 50 cents fer Roarin' Rube, dead or alive.

Grizzly Pete.—Dat'll be poor Rube's finish. When he hears de size uv de reward he'll kill himself—fer shame.—Judge.

American Exports to Orient. There was a remarkable increase last year in American exports to China and Japan. In ten months the exports to China have been \$50,000,000, compared with \$20,000,000 in the previous year, and to Japan the total for the same time has jumped from \$22,000,000 to \$46,500,000. Our Pacific ferriage to those countries is direct and Europe cannot hope to compete with it in distance and cheapness.

IF YOU ARE THE INDIVIDUAL

Who never got a bargain at a Special Sale, come to this store and price any one of the three items we are driving for these few days only.

HATS, PANTS AND SHOES

We want your business by virtue of merit. Satisfaction to the fullest.

T.J. CHAMBLESS



TIME CARD.
Ada, Ind. Ter.



TIME OF TRAINS
ADA, I. T.
THE RIGHT TRAINS
BETWEEN

EAST BOUND TRAINS

No. 510 Meteor, 4:48 p. m.
No. 512 Eastern Exp. 9:45 a. m.
No. 542 Local Freight, 3:45 p. m.

WEST BOUND TRAINS.

No. 509 Meteor, 8:58 a. m.
No. 511 Texas Pass, 7:15 p. m.
No. 541 Local Freight, 7:45 a. m.

Local freight train—carries passengers provided with permits. Ten per cent saved on the purchase of round trip tickets.

I. McNair, Agent.

St. Louis
Hannibal,
Kansas City,
Junction City,
Oklahoma City,
In the North,
and all points beyond.

Houston,
Dallas,
Fort Worth,
San Antonio,
Galveston,
in Texas,
and all points beyond.

NORTH BOUND.

No. 112 Express, daily.....3 55 p m
No. 564 Local, except Sunday, 12 15 a m

SOUTH BOUND.

No. 111 Express, daily.....11 10 a m
No. 563 Local, except Sunday, 1 55 p m

LOANS

On Dead Claims, Intermarried Surplus and where Restrictions Are Removed. Improved City Property or to build.

Correct Neat Abstracts of Title at Reasonable Prices

W. H. EBEY, - - - Ada, Ind. Ter.

THE SUNSET ROUTE

OCEAN to OCEAN

Offers the Best

Fast Trains, Latest Dining, Sleeping and Observation Cars Between

New Orleans and California, Daily

Through Louisiana, Texas, New Mexico and Arizona, and will carry you over the

Road of a Thousand Wonders

that you read so much and hear so much about from the press and the people. Oil burning loco motives all the way; no smoke, no cinders. For beautiful illustrated literature and other information, see nearest Sunset Ticket Agent

WHY WAS IT?

When some of the fire companies represented by Otis B. Weaver, fire insurance agent, lost approximately \$5,000,000 each in the great San Francisco conflagration, they were not compelled to quit business?

ANSWER: Because one of them is the LARGEST THE WORLD, possessing assets of nearly \$70,000,000, and because it held a special conflagration reserve fund of \$7,000,000. Because another one of them, with its allied interests does the leading fire insurance business in the United States, which affected for the year 1905, alone, a several times larger income than its probable loss in the great conflagration.

All companies represented by the Weaver agency are giants in capital and assets. They will continue their liberal policy in rates and adjustments.

The business of the property owners of Ada and surrounding country is respectfully solicited.

OTIS B. WEAVER, FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.

LOCAL NEWS

Subscribe for The News.

J. R. Young is in Tupelo today. M. Scott has returned to Madill.

Duke Stone went to Stonewall today.

A son of W. G. Broadfoot is ill of fever.

J. O. Smith of Oakman was here today.

Postmaster J. R. Young is at Tupelo today.

Attorney McKeel's baby is better today.

See P. K. Smith for up-to-now photo work. 152-1f

J. M. Hoard is spending the day at Madill.

Uptodate suits made to order at Chitwood's. 1f 85

Mr. Keltner was here from Stonewall today.

E. L. Steed opened a branch store at Tupelo today.

Cleaning and repairing. See Chitwood the Tailor. 1f 35

F. E. Champion, well known in the city, is here today.

Chas. Etsell and wife were here from Parkell today.

W. J. Coffman is entertaining his parents from Seisco, Texas.

Attorney Epperson has returned from his trip to Texas.

Mrs. Levine, who has been ill of intermittent fever, is better.

Wedding announcements—the uptodate kind—at the News office. 1f

Dr. H. Erb, dentist, Henley & Biles building. Phone No. 1. 283 1f

Dr. Steel left this morning for Memphis, Tenn., and other points south.

W. P. Duncan of Davis, Texas, spent last night with his relative, Joe Terrell.

FOR SALE:—At greatly reduced price a \$350 piano. Enquire at Mason Drug Co. 3f 45

Sam J. Smith of Tecumseh, Okla., is visiting his brother, C. C. Smith today.

Street hats at absolute cost until all are gone. Mrs. W. J. Long at Scott-Hoard's. 4f 45 w5 2f

Mrs. C. A. Ingram is going to Wyle, Texas, to spend a week with relatives.

Make your wants known to Duff & Dodson, Groceries and Feed. Phone 92. 1f 812

J. W. Hays, president of the Citizens' National Bank, spent today in the country.

A. B. Morris, living six miles in the country, paid the News a business call today.

All street hats for sale at cost while they last. Mrs. W. J. Long at Scott-Hoard's. 4f 47 w5 2f

Druggist F. Z. Holley is at Konawa today looking after his branch store at that place.

Mrs. S. S. McDonald will leave this evening for Madill where she will be the guest of friends.

Mr. Swank, the owner of the acre strawberry patch near town, is expected to arrive from Indiana today.

A thirty days' sale of millinery is now on at Mrs. L. T. Wilson's Call before you purchase elsewhere. 2f 47

Geo. Wade and wife of Konawa were in the city yesterday. They left this morning for a trip to Old Mexico.

Loss:—Ladies' watch between the two railroad stations. Return to U. S. clerk's office and receive reward. 1f 45

Dr. Bisant, dentist, over Ada National Bank. 1f 279

Mrs. S. J. Tobias, of Konawa, is shopping here today.

J. B. Tolbert returned home from Eldorado, Oklahoma, last night where he has been for several days on a business matter.

FOR RENT:—Good four room house, well, barn, stormhouse, etc. A. K. Thornton, care of W. M. Freeman & Co. 40-1f

E. Hamilton, Assistant United States Attorney, is here from Chickasha today on the Stanton murder case.

Miss Cora Hopton has resigned her position at the telephone exchange and will leave for Sulphur today where she has accepted a similar position.

Grant Watrous (colored) was tried in the U. S. court today charged with running a house of bad repute. He was tried by a jury and found guilty. He was fined \$50 and given thirty days in jail.

A lady demonstrator will be at M. L. Walsh's store this evening and all day tomorrow and will serve free to all callers carnation cream and Yale brand coffee. Ladies are especially invited to call and partake of these dainties.

Miss Josephine Thompson will return to her home in Osage City, Kan., this afternoon after a most delightful visit in Ada. While here she has made many friends in social circles who regret her departure.

The most vigorous workers have spells of "tired feeling" now and then. This feeling is caused by derangement in the stomach, liver and bowels. A few doses of Prickly Ash Bitters quickly corrects the disorder and sends the blood tingling through the veins, carrying life and renewed energy throughout the system.

Women are not the only creatures interested in the latest styles in millinery as was demonstrated this morning when an old grey rat ambled into the millinery department at Scott-Hoard's store. The ladies, as all ladies do, grabbed their skirts, emitted blood-curdling yells and hot footed it to the street door, but it remained for S. S. McDonald to perform the biggest stunt. He gave one glance at her rattle and then proceeded to climb up on the top of the skirt rack from which vantage point he viewed the leisurely manner in which the rat decided which style hat she preferred. It was only after the rat had departed that Mr. McDonald could be persuaded to come off his perch.

Eleven to the Quart.

Now came Dr. Hodges again today with the largest strawberries yet received at this office, nor did the Dr. change boxes on us while writing this article, but he left them right on our desk where they were viewed by many. The largest berry measured 5 1/2 inches in circumference. There were just eleven berries in the box and we know of some people who will have to blow up their berries with a goose quill if they beat those from the Dr.'s patch.

Will Leave Tomorrow.

Dr. Greer, who has been a member of the Ada medical fraternity for the past year, will leave tomorrow for Alabama where he has accepted an offer to work for a corporation. The salary offered was handsome enough to induce the doctor to give up his practice here and forsake the territory. While regretting to lose such a desirable citizen the News congratulates him on his good fortune.

Fortunate Missourians

"When I was a druggist at Livonia, Mo.," writes T. J. Dwyer, now of Grayville, Mo., "three of my customers were permanently cured of consumption by Dr. King's New Discovery, and are well and strong today. One was trying to sell his property and move to Arizona, but after using New Discovery a short time he found it unnecessary to do so. I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as the most wonderful medicine in existence." Surest cough and cold cure and throat and lung healer. Guaranteed by G. M. Ramsey, and Dr. F. Z. Holley, Druggist. 50c and \$1. Trial bottle free.

Wedding invitations—latest styles—turned out at the News office. 1f

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

COMMENDABLE COOLNESS.

Young Man Who Knew How to "Pog the Question" Without Getting Battered.

"You should know well what coolness is," said a general. "American history is indebted to you, Capt. Hobson, for one of its most perfect and most brilliant examples of this trait." The young man, flushing a little at the compliment, said, with an embarrassed laugh:

"Oh, there have been many better instances of coolness than mine." "Not at all," said the general. "Not at all, sir." "But yes," persisted Capt. Hobson. "For instance?" said the other. Capt. Hobson thought a moment. Then he said:

"The most perfect exhibition of coolness ever made came from a friend of mine—an old man now, but still a bachelor.

"This gentleman loved a beautiful widow in the summer of '98. He courted her with ardor through the months of July and August, and in September he proposed.

"It was a cool evening, the evening of the proposal, and my friend and the widow sat indoors, the light lowered, the dusk faintly illuminated by a fire of birch logs.

"So," my friend ended, "I love you, and ask your hand in marriage." He rose. "Will you," he said, "be mine?" "The widow gazed at the flame thoughtfully. Then in a low voice she said:

"Don't make me answer immediately. Give me a little time for thought." "Very good," said my friend. "How long do you want?"

"A half hour," murmured the widow.

"A half hour be it," said my friend, taking up his hat. "And in the meantime," he added, "I'll just go down to Smith's and get a shave."

TO DRINK KING'S HEALTH.

No Longer Considered Necessary in England to Use Alcoholic Liquor.

The superstition in England and its colonies that it is necessary when drinking the king's health to pledge his majesty in a draft of some alcoholic liquor has been exploded. As long ago as October, 1902, Rear Admiral King-Hall obtained an opinion from his majesty, through Lord Knollys, that total abstinence need compromise neither their loyalty nor their convictions when drinking his majesty's health.

Permission to publish the letter, which was at first employed for private circulation, has now been granted by his majesty, and here it is:

"Dear Capt. King-Hall: His majesty is afraid that it would be difficult to make any public announcement that he considers his health can be as loyally drunk in water as in wine. . . . The king commands me, however, to say that you are authorized to make it known 'privately,' and in any way that you think best, and that you are authorized to state that total abstinence can always drink his health in some nonalcoholic drink to his entire satisfaction.

"October 17, 1902." Navy testotals have been aware of this gracious expression of opinion on the part of his majesty for the last three years.

The publication of the letter now comes as a boon to many a harassed abstainer, who has frequently been caught between his heartfelt loyalty and the sanctity of his temperance pledge.

ENGLISH WOMEN UNTIDY.

Oriental Artist Declares Their Gait Is Ungainly and Their Figures Out of Poise.

London.—Yoshio Markino, a Japanese artist at present in this country, deprecates the ungainly carriage of the Englishwoman.

"The London ladies have such nice faces and such pretty figures. How sad it is that they carry themselves so badly!" is his criticism.

"I walk up and down this great city," he continued, "I notice that the ladies are so awkward. Their arms are huddled up, their elbows are too much in evidence, the skirt is caught up untidily by one hand, throwing the whole figure out of poise.

"I believe the reason is that everybody in this country is too active, too much in a hurry—not only the men who work, but the women also. How long can one be graceful under these circumstances? The women of my country are so happy and peaceful. They are never in haste."

As to dress, Mr. Markino said: "The ladies of England are too fond of fashion. They copy the ladies of France. What will suit a Frenchwoman will never suit the Englishwoman. I do not like these short sleeves. They are out of place. I see a smart girl with a short sleeve. She seems to say to me: 'See, now, I am ready to do the scrubbing.'"

Another point which astounds him is the assurance of the English girl. "She walks along with her head in the air, so haughty," Mr. Markino said. "She is afraid of nothing. In our country to do so would not be modest. Our women go always with eyes cast to the ground. They are content to be women. They do not care to be 'ma-culines.'"

Not to Be Repeated. "Yes," an old Indian fighter was saying, "the Sioux done something to me that they could never do again."

"What was that?" "They scalped me."—N. Y. Times.

DR. THOS. H. GRANGER, D. D. S. Manager,

DOSS & GRANGER Pioneer Dental Office ESTABLISHED 1902. OVER FIRST NATIONAL BANK. PHONE 212.

We carry a full line of STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES Your Patronage Solicited Moss & Scribner LEADING GROCERS 'Phone 125 Main St

WANTS

M. K. T. Special

Round trip rates From Ada I. T.: Birmingham, Ala., April 30 to May 8th, \$22.70. Decatur, Ill., May 14th to 17th, \$21.85. Kansas City, Mo., May 14th to 17th, \$14.50. Los Angeles, Cal., April 25 to May 5, \$50. St. Paul, Minn., May 28 to 31, \$26.85. San Francisco, Cal., June 25 to July 7, \$52. Mexico City, Mexico, June 25 to July 7, \$40. Mexico City, Mexico, April 25 to May 5, \$38. Chattanooga, Tenn., May 10 to 15, \$24.85. Portland, Ore., June 18 to 22, \$47.55. Springfield, Ill., May 31 to June 1 and 2, \$21.00. Omaha, Neb., July 10 to 13, \$17.10. Denver, Col., July 10 to 15, \$23.70.

C. F. Orchard, Agent.

To those who have had a photo made of their home for News' Souvenir Album, may obtain some of the photos at a great reduced price of the Peerless Portrait Co. 89 1f

A Mountain of Gold could not bring as much happiness to Mrs. Lucia Wilke, of Caroline, Wis., as did one 25c box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, when it completely cured a running sore on her leg which had tortured her 23 long years. Greatest antiseptic healer of piles, wounds and sores. 25c at G. M. Ramsey's and Dr. F. Z. Holley's drug store.

If You Were "BRED IN OLD KENTUCKY"

You should take advantage of the

Extremely Low Rates

TO

Louisville, Ky.

For the Occasion of the

Home Coming of Kentuck-

ians, June 13th to 17th

THE

FRISCO

Will operate Through Cars from many points.

Rate, one fare plus \$2.00. Tickets sold June 11-12 13, from all stations. Open to Everybody.

For rates, routes, maps and other information apply to your nearest Frisco Agent or

D. C. Farrington, T. P. A., Oklahoma City, Okla. F. E. Clark, D. P. A., Wichita, Kansas.

HENRY M. FURMAN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Will do a general Civil and Criminal Practice.

Office in Duncan Building.

C. A. Galbraith Tom D. McKeown

GALBRAITH & McKEOWN LAWYERS

Over Citizens National Bank Ada, Ind. Ter.

W. H. L. Campbell Joel Terrell

CAMPBELL & TERRELL

Attorneys-at-law

Practice in all Courts

Ada I. T.

CITY BARBER SHOP.

D. A. DORSEY, Prop.

First Class Work Guaranteed Hair Cut 25c, Shave 10c.

South Side Main St., Ada, I. T.

More Convenience

When in need of anything in the Sewing Machine or Organ Line

Phone No. 259 Crating and Boxing a Specialty.

LEE SMITH, West Main Street, Ada, I. T.

ADA STEAM LAUNDRY CO.

Is given up to be best. Do

Largest Agency Work

of any plant in this Territory.

Reed & Harrison

Wholesale and Retail Buggies

The Best Makes, the Lowest Prices

Geo. A. Truitt,

Engineer and Land Surveyor

Office Rear Ada National Bank.

Prompt and Careful Attention

Given to All Work

Entrusted.

MEN AND WOMEN.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammation, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless and not irritating or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for \$1.00. or 2 bottles \$2.75. Circular sent on request.

U. S. A.

Travel Right

When you have occasion to travel, use the same discrimination in buying a ticket that you would in buying anything else. Assume yourself in advance of what you may expect in the way of comfort and convenience en route.

The Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railroad

with through trains (over its own rails) from St. Louis and Kansas City in the north, to San Antonio and Galveston in the south, offers a ready solution to the vexed question—"How to go?"

If there is any information you would like about a prospective trip, write me. I'll gladly give you the information and if possible have my representative call on you and personally assist you in every way. Think of my offer when you next have occasion to travel. Address.

W. S. ST. GEORGE, General Passenger & Ticket Agt. Wainwright Bldg., St. Louis.

Tickets are on sale everywhere, via Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway

The NICKEL STORE

Look, Read and Investigate in order to make your Dimes and Dollars go the Utmost Limit.

SATURDAY'S MARVELOUS SPECIAL

Is a Heavy Four-Strand Broom for 10c with 25c worth of other goods.

Here is Best Granite Ware. Extra heavy double coated enamel, in the new Mottled Grey, and each and every piece is an exceptional bargain.

Milk pans, 2 qt., 14c; 3 qt., 15c; 4 qt., 20c.

Pudding Pans, 1 and 2 qt. 10c; 3 qt., 15c; 6 qt., 25c.

Water Buckets, 10 qt. 49c; 12 qt., 59c.

Dish Pans, 10 qt., 30c; 14 qt., 38c; 17 qt., 49c.

Lipped Sauce Pans, 1 qt., 15c; 2 qt., 18c; 4 qt., 25c.

Preserving Kettles, 3 qt., 15c; 4 qt., 20c; 6 qt., 30c; 8 qt., 40c; 10 qt., 50c.

Coffee Pots, 1 qt., 25c; 2 qt., 35c; 3 qt., 40c.

Water Dippers, 10c and 14c, 15c and 18c.

TINWARE

Everything in Tinware in the same proportion as every thing else. We mention a few of the prices.

Wash Tubs, galvanized iron, No. 1, 50c. No. 2, 60c.

Water Pails, galvanized iron, 10 qt. 15c; 12 qt. 19c.

1X Tin Pails, 10 qt., 20c; 12 qt., 25c.

Large Kitchen Dippers 10c

Black Handled Dippers, 5c.

Tin Cups, 1 pt. and 1 pt. 2 for 5c; 1 qt. and 2 qt., 5c.

Graduated Measures, 1 qt., 5c; 2 qt., 10c.

Retinned Dish Pans, 14 qt., 25c.

Coffee Pots, 1 qt. and 2 qt., 10c.

Crank Flour Sifters, 10c.

Wood Rim Sieves, 10c.

Milk Pans, Pudding Pans, Sauce Pans, Stew Kettles, etc., so many different sizes and kinds we will not undertake to describe them. Anything you need in useful Household and Kitchen Utensils.

Bambo Fishing Poles, 10c each, Fish Hooks and Lines to numerous to mention, but we sell them right.

The

Nickel Store.

The 5c and 10c store

of Ada, I. T.

S. M. Shaw, Prop

New location on Main street third door west of Bellows corner.

Phone 77.

Do You Need Shoes?

If you want a pair of Shoes that combine style, elegance and individuality with the best leather and excellent workmanship, why not try ours? You will be satisfied with your selection. The latest correct styles for men, women and children . . .

CHAPMAN The Shoe Man.

DANGEROUS SHOW ANIMALS WHY HE COULDN'T SIT DOWN THE ROBIN AS A RUNNER. STRENGTH OF OPEN SKY. BRUTAL SHEEP-SHEARING. HORNS OF THE REVOLUTION

Most Fickle and Dangerous Among Them Is the Intelligent Elephant.

The terrible attack upon a woman recently made by a lion in a London music hall recalls the fact that a still more dangerous show animal is the elephant. A bull elephant is one of the most fickle creatures known. He is good-natured and submissive one moment, and the next his keeper is simply a mass of pulp!

"An elephant," said an expert keeper, "is twice as dangerous as a lion, a tiger or a bear. Those animals have to be watched very carefully when one is with them in the cages, but the tension of watching acts only a few minutes at a time. An elephant, on the other hand, is allowed more freedom, and as one cannot be on the alert all day long, he gets his chance when he wants it. He often fiercely resents even a mild joke.

"We elephant keepers grow fantastic after a few years of the work. We expect to be seized and trampled to death some day, but live in hopes that it may not be soon. The great danger is when an elephant is just turning into a rogue. All elephants turn rogues sooner or later, and they never recover. The female elephants turn rogues earlier, and are more violent than the males, and the females are more dangerous in ordinary times, too. "A good elephant trained can command a big salary. I know one who has been receiving \$125 a week for 11 years. Mere keepers, however, are poorly paid."

DIDN'T FIGHT WITH THEM.

Yanks Didn't Use Poppuns, So the Johnnies Didn't Whip Them.

Representative W. Bourke Cockran was delivering an impassioned speech against the policy of increasing the navy, relates Success Magazine, when he declared with vigorous gesture that the people of Greater New York have no fear of being destroyed by a foreign foe. "The American spirit and courage in New York is so great, Mr. Speaker, that our people would repel a foreign foe with the cobblestones from the streets before they would surrender," finished Mr. Cockran.

Jorn Sharp Williams, of Mississippi, who was sitting near, remarked to those around him:

"That reminds me of an old blowhard we had down our way. When war was declared he told his neighbors at the corner store that we could whip the Yankees with popguns. When the war was over, that same old fellow, who did so much bragging, was trying to explain the terrible result. Some one spoke up and remarked: "I thought you said before the war that we could whip the Yankees with popguns."

"I know I did," replied the old fellow, with ready wit, "but the Yanks didn't fight us with popguns."

IS A CANADIAN PARADISE.

Scouties of "The Lake of Deep Waters" with Its Myriad Islands.

Temagami is shaped like an octopus, with long stretched-out arms, and its shores are indented with deep circling bays, island strewn and culminating in sharp points and curves that add to the beauty of this magical scene. "The lake of deep waters" is the meaning of the Indian word, and they lie deep and cool in their bed of granite; in stillness a perfect mirror, in storm darkly menacing, with foamed waves showing fang-like teeth, writes Kate Westlake Yeigh, in Four-Track News.

Being 100 square miles in area, Temagami forms one of Canada's great natural reservoirs. Mighty rivers from the height of land to the north flow into it, and it in turn feeds the streams that flow southward, carrying their life-giving waters through the forests to the peopled lands below. There are 1,400 islands in the lake, and the government has included the whole area in a magnificent forest reserve of a million and a half acres.

Old-Fashioned Morals Needed.

A number of people are proposing Woodrow Wilson, president of Princeton university, for the Democratic nomination for president of the United States in 1908. Dr. Wilson has already written his platform. It consists of one sentence, and yet covers nearly the whole field. It was contained in a recent address delivered by the Princeton president. It proposes as a solution for our economic problems the application "of old-fashioned morals to new-fashioned business." That's the whole thing in a nutshell.—Wall Street Journal.

Sailors Becoming Too Delicate.

The rising generation looks with horror upon the "roughing it" process at sea, which, a quarter of a century ago, was regarded by most boys as an absolute attraction. The twentieth century boy must have his comforts. What will the skipper of 12 or 15 years hence be like? We have a vision of a neurotic, delicate, gruel and muffer individual, who will be able to navigate his ship well enough in fair weather, but who, in times of stress, will require the assistance of a trained nurse.—Syren and Shipping.

Pre-Natal Influence.

"I wonder why those children have such awfully long faces?" said the visitor at the school. "They were all born in flats," explained the teacher, "and knew they weren't wanted."—Detroit Free Press.

Physical Impossibility with His Nether Limbs Clothed as They Were.

"I beg your pardon, but I'm in trouble," said a man who was well dressed and plainly excited to Sergt. Temperly at No. 3 police station, Armourdale, relates the Kansas City Journal. "Can you help me out?"

"I'll do my best," answered the obliging sergeant. "Sit down and tell me about it."

"No, I simply can't sit down," said the man, nervously.

"Must be serious to affect you like that," said the sergeant. "What is it?"

"You see, it is this way," said the man. "I came in on an early train from the west; and as I got up late, when the train was but a few minutes from the Union depot, I dressed in all haste. I had some business to attend to in Armourdale right away, and I paid my street car fare from some change I had in my overcoat pocket. But when I was standing at the corner of Fifth and Kansas a moment ago, for the first time I unbuckled my overcoat and looked inside, and found—"

"That you had been robbed while on the train?" broke in the sergeant, interestedly.

"No," said the man, "I found that I had put my trousers on backward, and I can't sit down. What I want is a private place to change 'em."

He got it.

SWEDISH SPIES IN NORWAY

Sent for the Purpose of Reporting on Work in Military Quarters.

A spy, who is reported by the authorities to be a Swede, had been detected in Fredrikshald, where he was particularly interested in Fredriksten and Hjelmskollen. At the latter place he was seen by a guard, who recognized him as a man who had been hanging around the fortifications at Kongsvinger last winter. When he was discovered he made his way to Swedish territory. The guard was instructed to keep watch of the man. Late at night he appeared again in Norwegian territory and was met by the guard. When they separated the guard took the footpath to Hjelmskollen and was not surprised to meet the spy again. The latter then disappeared.

The Swedes allege that Norway is preparing to erect a number of fortifications along Glommen, outside of the neutral zone established by the Karlstad treaty, and to replace the fortified points which were dismantled in accordance with the treaty. The Swedes declared that these plans show a distrust of Sweden and are unequal for when no preparations of a similar nature are being made on the Swedish side of the border.

WOULDN'T ROB THE BISHOP

Pacific Coast Bandit Returned Valuables Taken from the Cleric.

"Not a great while ago there was as bold a bandit as ever bade men stand and deliver operating between Fairbanks and the mines tributary to that town," B. B. McGinn of Alaska, according to the Washington Post.

"This modern Dick Turpin, one Hendrickson by name, kept up his robberies for months and made many a good haul. He was a courteous brigand and not altogether mercenary.

"On one occasion Bishop Rowe of Alaska was confronted by Hendrickson and relieved of all his valuable. As the good man was about to depart the robber, noticing his garb, asked him if he were not a minister of the Gospel. "Yes," said the victim, "I am Bishop Rowe." "Well, then," replied Hendrickson, "I can't think of despoiling you. I used to be a member of your church, and however bad I may be, I can't rob you." With that he returned to the bishop all his property.

"A little while later Hendrickson was captured by the United States authorities, and is now in jail at Fairbanks."

Alarm Clock for Drinkers.

A pretty little device of the wicked which is attracting a good deal of attention in restaurants, cabarets, posadas, cafes and hospices these days is called the "jag indicator." It was invented for the benefit of good fellows who do not know when they have had enough to drink. It is a green frog, with pink specks upon its body, and is about three-quarters of an inch long. The customer receives one from the barman, which he is asked to put in his pocket and to place upon the bar before each subsequent drink. After a drink Mr. Crapaud is returned to the pocket. As soon as the customer sees upon the bar more than one frog, or thinks he sees the frog move, he is expected—nay, required—to quit drinking for the day.—N. Y. Press.

The Bodleian Library.

The Bodleian Library, which was established in 1445, takes its name from Sir Thomas Bodley, who reestablished the library in 1597-1602, and presented it to the University of Oxford. It contains more than 500,000 printed volumes, 30,000 volumes of manuscripts, a great many first editions and early printings, and collections of coins and pictures.

"Blind Tiger" in a Church.

The Methodist pastor in the "dry" town of Waverly, Tenn., assisted the police to locate a "blind tiger" and was surprised to find that the illegal gin mill was in the church basement and conducted by two of the apparently most devout members of his congregation, a doctor and a justice of the peace.

Question of Curious Subscriber Answered by the Obliging Editor.

"I saw a freak in birdology as I was coming from my house to my office, and called the attention of two others to it who were standing near by. There were several robins running about in the yard adjoining my lot, and among them was one with a white head and neck. Will the president of the Audubon society please tell us how to account for it?"

Pending Mr. Pearson's explanation, says the Charlotte News and Observer, we would suggest that a robin never runs, since he can use one leg only synchronously with the other, and both have to go the same way at once. It is a funny thing about a robin's legs, but they are dependent to a degree. Perhaps the robin ran because he was white-headed. Now, why he is white-headed is another question. The principle of the albion characteristics of heads that once were black and now are white has never been solved except by those concerns which advertise to make white heads black—and they won't tell.

But if this robin has learned how to run, he is the oldest in the flock certainly. We put it down to old age at a hazard.

LAUGHTER AND DIGESTION.

It Has Been Shown That Mirthfulness Stimulates Gastric Secretion.

Nothing will take the place of good cheer and laughter at meals or any other time in the home. There is a vital connection between amiability and digestion—between good cheer and assimilation, writes Orison Sweet Marden, in Success Magazine. Laughter is the best friend the liver has, and depression, or melancholia, its worst enemy. Numerous experiments have shown that mirth and cheerfulness stimulate the secretion of the gastric juices, and are powerful aids to digestion. Yet, knowing this, many of us sit at a gloomy and absorbed at the table as at a funeral. In many homes, scarcely a word is spoken at meals, outside of requests for an article of food.

The meal hour ought to mean something besides supplying a mere animal function. The bell which calls the family to the table ought to be the signal for a good time generally, when all cares should be thrown off and everybody appear at his best. It ought to signalize the time for mirth and laughter. It ought to be looked forward to by the members of the family as the recess or nooning is looked forward to by pupils in school, as a let-up from the strenuous life.

SOMETHING ABOUT ECLIPSES

Not the Same in Manifestation as They Were in Former Days.

Eclipses are not what they used to be. The eclipse, with its accompanying phenomena, was observed a generation ago as the manifestation of certain effects of heat and light, but far more complex is the vision of the investigator of to-day. Prof. T. T. Thomson and the Cavendish school have placed the electro-magnetic theories of matter and of radiation on the firmest of bases. We now think of a body which, like the sun, radiates energy, as sending out not heat and light but corpuscles, electrons of almost popular notoriety, positive and negative ions, and rays and emanations of such varied types and complexities that elucidation and definition still await them.

Then, too, M. Lebedet and Messrs. Nichols and Hall have confirmed the theory of the pressure exerted by light. Consequently we cannot now look at the corona as a simple glow—it must be viewed as the complex expressions of light exerted on particles within its ethereal territory, of the action and interaction of pulsating carriers of composite electricity and matter.

Imported Irish Sod.

On the very rare occasions that snakes have been found in Ireland explanation of the phenomena has always been forthcoming. One was brought in a bundle of shrubs, another in a packing case, and yet another—this time a dead one—was introduced by an English visitor. All have proved of alien extraction. Even science cannot disprove the Irish belief in St. Patrick as a Pied Piper. Here is an incident illustrative of this belief: A son of Erin emigrated to Australia, and quickly made a fortune. He was happy except for one trial—snakes. "Oh, for an Australian St. Patrick!" he moaned. And then came an inspiration—he wired for a load of the soil of old Ireland. Only when he had strewn the precious mold about his dwelling could he sleep in peace.—London Tribune.

Where Londoners Were Born.

Light is thrown upon the subject of ancestral Londoners in the latest volume of the report of the London traffic commission. From one of these we learn that of the 4,500,000 people in the administrative county of London only 3,000,000 were born in it. But that is probably a larger proportion than most people were aware of.

Good Sign.

"I guess I must be getting old and ugly," sighed the pretty girl at the flower stand.

"What's the matter?" asked the public stenographer.

"Nowadays all the men count their change."—Cleveland Leader.

The Great Things of Earth Are Conceived in the Free Out-of-Doors.

What great deed was ever done indoors? What great thing of the earth in art, in science, in romance was ever conceived and brought forth within walls? Pathos grows there, and small tragedy, and bitterness and pessimism; but not great tragedy, nor the vast and useful pessimism which uplifts human nature and humanity, writes Emerson Hough, in the Reader. The joyous, hopeful, optimistic things, the large and cheerful motives, are found beneath the sky. The Indians say that the babe born in the wind will be chief, and that might well be so. What strong blood ever grew indoors? What great drama of the ages was ever played there? What duel on the stair ever equaled the battle under the trees? Science may delve, lamp wise; but what great things even of science came wholly from within walls? Electricity, navigation by the stars—the things which have really conquered the world—did these appear to man as he studied at some table side? No, the great and sweet things of knowledge came from the naked stars. Guilty and troublous wisdom may have housing, concealment, and so make confession that it is evil; but before guilty Eden knowledge was out of doors.

ENGLISH AS A CLASSIC.

Study of the Language Is Now Pre-dominant in American Colleges.

A generation ago the education of a college man confined itself almost entirely to a study of Latin, Greek, philosophy and metaphysics, while now the study of history, economics and other subjects of practical bearing predominates, says President Schurman, as reported in the Cornell Sun. Interest in the classical languages has now largely abated, even with persons who make a study of them. The student was formerly supposed to get his training from Greek and Latin; English he studied incidentally. Now the study of English is predominant in the American colleges. This should not be considered, however, as a disparagement of the progress of American culture; it should be remembered that the Greeks themselves wrought out their wonderful culture, literature and art entirely without the aid of a foreign language. The schoolboys of Greece were required to commit to memory the best poems of the language—notably the poems of Homer—which shaped their thoughts, conversation and acts, and finally their character.

POSTAGE STAMP TONGUE.

Disorder Resulting from the Unclean Habit of Licking the Stamps.

"A number of ailments, some of them extremely dangerous, are comprised under the general head of postage-stamp tongue," said a physician. "Postage-stamp tongue, in a word, is any disorder contracted from the licking of postage stamps.

"Three or four persons a week visit me with postage-stamp tongues. They have a throat trouble, or a skin disease, or a pulmonary complaint, brought on by the reckless habit of stamp licking.

"A stamp should never be licked, as its gummed surface is always squirming and pulsating with germs. If any licking is to be done, let it be applied to the right-hand corner of the envelope, where the stamp goes, for there the germs are apt to be sparser.

"To be safe, though, the tongue should never be applied to either envelope or stamp. A damp sponge should be used in the tongue's stead."

Billion of Nickels.

More than one billion passengers were carried on the surface, elevated and subway roads of Greater New York last year. The exact number of paid fares was 1,171,151,698, an increase of 93,493,451. Of these fewer than a quarter were transferred. The increase in transfers fell far below the increase in paid fares, which is somewhat accounted for by the increased evasion of the free-transfer law by the transportation companies. On the basis of total car mileage there were six passengers paying a five-cent fare for every mile that a car traveled. Increase in car mileage about kept pace with the increase in passengers, showing that the cars are now crowded to the limit of traffic.—N. Y. World.

France's Young Cabinet.

Though not perhaps quite so young as the cabinet of Mr. Balfour in England, which was, in this respect, a striking departure from tradition, the new ministry formed in France by M. Sarrien cannot be considered old. The premier, M. Sarrien, is himself its "patriarch," and he is only 66. M. Clemenceau comes next in order with 65, and he is followed by M. Etienne, the war minister, who is 62. Then comes the men in their fifties, M. Thomson and M. Bourgeois. None of the rest are yet out of their forties. Of these M. Ruau is the youngest. He is only 41.

Surf Birds Travel Far.

That birds of the family termed surf birds in the Hawaiian islands should leave that paradise of the Pacific to go and rear their young in the tundras of Alaska would seem to many an extraordinary proceeding. Yet the turnstone and the black-bellied plover and the Pacific golden plover make the long journey of about 4,000 miles thither annually.

Removal of Pieces of Skin While Struggling Is of Common Occurrence.

In the farther west, where by far the greater number of sheep are raised, the shearing is often done by roving hands of shearers whose only thought is to dispose of as many heads as possible in a day, says Country Life in America. To remove a piece of skin as large as the palm of the hand is a trifling matter to them. Sometimes it is the case with a struggling sheep that this mishap occurs several times. It is rare indeed for a sheep to pass through this ordeal without a skin puncture in one or more places. Reference is made to hand shears, but the excellent invention of power shearing machines has not removed all the danger of injury to the sheep. With these clippers in the hands of a careless or indifferent man it is an easy matter to stick the points of the guards into the sheep or to cut slits in its skin. It must not be made to appear, however, that the shearers of the west are more cruel than those of the great sheep raising countries of Argentina, New Zealand or Australia, but the practice is none the less reprehensible, and worthy the protest of all humane citizens. In the sheep shearing contest at the world's fair at St. Louis last October some of the contestants were so "bloody" in their work that the sheep and goats when released presented a sickening sight. Because of this fact, the judges of the contest, so far as the machines were concerned, went beyond their prescribed duties to rebuke the inhumane work.

HORSE'S LOVE OF HOME.

Longing for Familiar Stall One of the Animal's Strongest Instincts.

The strongest instinct in the horse is that of home—all his thoughts and interests lie there—and the most wearing pain he suffers is that of nostalgia—the longing for the familiar stall and the well-loved surroundings, says Outing Magazine. What wonder that our pets almost invariably return to us from such unhappy experiences mere shadows of their former selves, and in such wretchedly bodily condition that it is months before they regain their usual health and spirits. We blame the man in charge, poor feed, bad stabling, insufficient pasturage, etc., and overlook entirely the fact that it is our own fault, and the direct result of heart-hunger which no grass, grain or roof-tree could entirely assuage. Of course, the little-used muscles have, from lack of exercise, shrunk and lost their firmness and plumpness; the crest has fallen from the same cause; "poverty lines" appear in the quarters and shoulders; the tail and mane are all out of shape, or all worn away; the feet stubbed off; the coat dingy and sun-burnt; the skin full of all manner of scars, cuts and abrasions; all these are the effect, not the cause, of the lack of bodily condition which is two-thirds due sheerly and solely, in the high-bred, nervous, sensitive horse, to simple homesickness.

GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS

Distribution of Official Volumes an Element Apart from Their Usefulness.

The printing law of 1895 (still in force) specified the edition and disposition of the principal annual publications of the government, writes W. S. Rossiter, in Atlantic. The total "number"—whether single volumes or sets of "parts"—authorized by this law was 282,600, afterwards increased to 1,115,600. Of this aggregate congress reserved for itself as quota 88 per cent.

The quota arose, and has flourished, principally for two reasons. Naturally enough, the voter rather likes to obtain something for nothing, and the receipt of expensive publications from the member of congress for the district involves an element of flattery, just as does the receipt of a package of agricultural department garden seeds from the same source. The books may not be of any practical value to the recipient, and the seeds may never grow, but the object of their dispatch has been secured. Thus there has grown up in connection with the distribution of official volumes an element totally apart from the usefulness of the publication or the appropriateness of its destination.

Changes in English.

The English is a living language, and is bound to change both in spelling and grammar. There was a time when the split infinitive was more widely accepted than it is to-day and the double quadruple negative was in good repute. There was also a time when spelling was so different from present usage as to be nearly unintelligible now—which caused Artemus Ward's witty remark that Chaucer may have been a great poet, but he could not spell. As long as a language is alive change is its order, as it is with any living thing—change is life.—Indianapolis News.

No Advantage in Showing Wealth.

Mrs. Trotter—You'd better get the clerk to put your money in the safe, John. One never knows what may happen in these hotels. Mr. Trotter—Great Scott, Mary! I don't want the clerk to know I have all this money. He hasn't made out my bill yet.—Browning's Magazine

New Industry.

Knicker—What is Smith's business? Bocker—He manufactures second-hand automobiles.—N. Y. Sun.

Charges Were Bounced on Quaint Instruments Made of Wood.

Whenever you see revolutionary soldiers dressed in regulation uniforms and blowing on brass horns you must admire the picture, but at the same time remember that no artists were in that fight. Artists make things very attractive, but not always true to life, says the Philadelphia Public Ledger.

There was not a uniformed regiment in the army. The grand old fellows fought in hunting garb or the dress they wore on the farm, store, church or tavern. So with the horns or bugles. Those that sounded Johnson's charges in the war of 1812 and the death-knell of the great Indian chief Tecumseh, were the old wooden horn of Capt. Bob Collins.

This was made of two cedar staves, three-sixteenths of an inch in thickness. These were trimmed and so bent that when the edges joined they formed a funnel-shaped instrument four inches in diameter at the large end and tapered down to a convenient size at the mouthpiece. The two cedar staves were held in place by hoops made of cow's horn.

Whether Capt. Bob had acquired the habit of blowing a wooden horn in the army, or whether he had once been a flatboatman (who used such horns altogether) is not known. It is, however, certain that the good man sounded reveille at sunrise until his death in 1864. The neighbors for miles around saw the sunrise unheralded after Capt. Bob was called home, and his quaint instrument was never used again. It has been preserved, though, by Mrs. Anna Mayhill, his granddaughter, who cherishes it in her home in Kentucky, where it is an honored relic.

APPRECIATED PERFORMANCE

Looked Like the Real Thing and the Company Had to Do It All Over.

The late Joseph Jefferson used to say that his career came very near being nipped in the bud in a small western town, relates Success Magazine. He at that time was a member of a small pioneer company which progressed by means of three "bull teams" from one mining camp to another. They were always heartily received by the miners and cowboys, who readily paid the five dollars in gold required to witness their performance. Mr. Jefferson was the traditional melodramatic villain, and in the third act was supposed to kidnap "the child." The supposed mother, hearing his cries, rushes upon the scene just as he is about to escape, and fires a fruitless shot from a revolver.

Upon this particular occasion all had gone well until this scene was reached, and the audience, many of whom had never before seen any kind of theatrical performance, sat as if spellbound. At the crack of the mother's revolver, however, the spell was rudely broken.

"By heaven, she missed him!" a red-shirted miner in the front row shouted, drawing his own "six-shooter" and leaping to his feet. "Round to the back door and head him off 'fore he can git a hoss, boys!" he yelled, and following him, half the audience stampeded for the exit.

The excitement was finally allayed by the "mother" and the villain's appearing hand in hand before the curtain, and the manager's explanation of the situation. When the performance had been concluded, the audience insisted on paying another admission price and having an immediate repetition from beginning to end.

RECESSION OF THE FALLS.

Rate at Which the Niagara Cataract Has Worn Its Way Backward.

The only reliable data that can form a basis for speculation as to the progress of Niagara Falls from Lake Ontario to the present site is found by comparing the two surveys that have been made of the falls, one in 1842 and the other in 1886, writes Archer Butler Hubert, in Four-Track News. The first of these was a trigonometrical survey made by Dr. John Hall, pastor of the New York State geological survey. At the suggestion of Sir Charles Lyell, who visited the falls with him, monuments were erected at the points at which the angles were taken in order that some later surveyor would be able to find with accuracy the exact extent of the changes. The second survey was made in 1886 by R. S. Woodward, of the United States geological survey, now director of the Carnegie Institute at Washington. The result surprised the world. Woodward's survey showed that the falls had moved 220 feet since 1842; the rate at the center had been, therefore, five feet per annum; Woodward proved that the tremendous area of five acres of rock had been precipitated from the face of the fall in the half century.

Logical.

Two Irishmen were digging a sewer. One of them was a big, strong man about six feet four inches in height and the other was a little, puny man about four feet six inches. The foreman came along to see how the work was progressing, and noticed that one of them was doing more work than the other.

"Look here," he cried, "how is it that little Dennis Dugan, who is only half your size, is doing nearly twice as much work as you, Patrick?"

Glancing down at his partner, Pat replied: "And why shouldn't he; ain't he nearer to it?"—Philadelphia Ledger.

WEATHER FORECAST:

Tomorrow: Fair.

THE EVENING NEWS.

DEVOTED TO MAKING ADA A LARGER AND MORE PROGRESSIVE CITY

TEMPERATURE TODAY:

At 3 p. m., 77 degrees.

VOLUME 3

ADA, INDIAN TERRITORY, WEDNESDAY EVENING, MAY 16, 1906

NUMBER 47



PROGRESSIVENESS IN GOOD CLOTHES BUILDING

CONSIDERED FROM THE CUSTOMER'S STANDPOINT

Take the man who now pays \$20 for a suit, though his limit used to be \$15. He looks better in the newer garments, and he knows it. Show him a suit for \$20 five years ago and he would laugh at the WORKMANSHIP. Neither the fit nor the tailoring would satisfy him today. Verily we are all progressing.

We are sole agents for the celebrated
KIRSCHBAUM HAND MADE CLOTHING

Scott-Hoard Co

HORSE THEFT FLUCTUATES WITH PREVAILING PRICES

Muskogee, I. T., May 16.—According to United States Commissioner W. R. Hoyt, there have been fourteen horse thieves arrested in this district since May 1. This is a most unusual record. The commissioner gives as the reasons for it the following:

"Horse thieves have lots of good sense. Eighteen months ago you seldom heard of a case of horse stealing. Now they come every day. The price of horses has gone so high that if a thief can steal a team and get away with it nowadays, he is good for \$250 at least, and more, unless the horses are plugs. Again, a thief who

pleaded guilty in my court yesterday when asked why he was stealing horses now, replied: 'Well, there is plenty of grass, now, and I don't have to buy feed. A man is a fool to steal horses in the winter time, when he has to pay for feed.' This seemed to be a satisfactory answer. That and the high prices are the most potent reasons."

Not long ago when cattle were high there were a great many thieves and many stockmen suffered considerable losses. When the price went down, the cattle stealing business dropped off and the horses commenced to disappear.

SHAWNEE PREPARES TO ENTERTAIN PRESS BOYS

Shawnee, Ok., May 16.—The people of Shawnee are making arrangements for the entertainment of the Oklahoma and Indian Territory press boys who will meet in annual convention here on Friday and Saturday of this week. When Shawnee had a few wooden business houses and a church, her citizens right royally entertained the Oklahoma Press Association and the meeting opened with prayer in a small church. The population at that time was 700. She now has a population of 20,000 with fine brick blocks, railroad shops, paved streets, electric cars and the reception committee will see that the double-headed association will enjoy themselves at Shawnee this week. This will undoubtedly be the best press meeting ever held

in the Southwest on account of the organization of the Oklahoma State Press Association from the associations of the two territories. Headquarters have been established at the new five story brick hotel—The Maywood.

G. A. R. at Tulsa.

Tulsa, I. T., May 16.—The territorial G. A. R. encampment meets here next Thursday and Friday. Commander J. F. Ayers of the local post said this morning that 350 visitors would attend, including veterans and ladies of the W. R. C.

Who'll Be the Next?

The News force dined on strawberries again today, a box of mammoth berries being presented to them this morning by Martin Hively.

STANTON MURDER TRIAL WILL BE CONCLUDED TONIGHT

The Stanton murder trial will end this, Wednesday evening, unless something unexpected comes up. Nine of the ten defendants, all in fact except the Indian, expressed a desire to make a statement and they are being subjected to a severe examination by E. Hamilton, Assistant United States Attorney, of Chickasha, who arrived at noon. Each of the defendants who have been examined, disclaim all knowledge of the murder. There seems to be an inclination to throw the

murder onto the Indian, but those who are trying the case feel that they know the man who did the stabbing, although others may be implicated in the affair. The most rigid examination failed to make any of the men waver in their testimony. It has been a hard case to unravel owing to the large number of men arrested charged with the crime. The defendants have nearly all been examined and it is thought that the trial will be over late this evening.

U. S. MARSHAL AMBUSHED AND SHOT IN BREAST

Coalgate, I. T., May 16.—Last Sunday a man came to Coalgate and shot up the town and when Deputy Marshal Bradshaw attempted to arrest him he compelled him to drop his pistol at the point of a Winchester.

Monday night as he was in search of the party Bradshaw was ambushed by four men who began firing on him. He returned the fire until his ammunition was exhausted, when he retreated with a wound in his left breast.

Hearing of the difficulty a posse from this city started to the

scene, and when about three miles from the city they were assailed by a party armed with Winchester, who compelled them to return in haste.

A large force of United States Marshals and citizens are searching the woods for the gang and it is thought their capture is only a matter of a few hours.

It was reported in surrounding towns that Bradshaw had been killed and his many friends will be glad to learn that he is very much alive, his wound being but slight.

MINERS TORN TO ATOMS BY DYNAMITE EXPLOSION

Shenandoah, Pa., May 15.—Five miners were torn to pieces and twelve badly burned by an explosion of dynamite in the Shenandoah city colliery of the Philadelphia and Reading coal and Iron Company yesterday.

A box of dynamite which a workman was carrying fell from his shoulder and caused the explosion, which ignited the mine gas. There were about fifty men

at work in the east gangway of the shaft when the explosion occurred, but so far as known all escaped except those working on the first lift. In this part of the shaft none escaped either death or injury. All the men were mutilated beyond identification.

The force of the concussion was terrific. Doors were torn off and brattices were wrecked, every section of the mine feeling the effect of the shock.

GORE WILL DELIVER THE ANNUAL ADDRESS

Norman, Ok., May 16.—A large and appreciative audience greeted the class of 1906, and the speaker at the annual baccalaureate service held at the opera house Monday morning. Dr. George H. Bradford, president of the Epworth university, delivered an able address. The annual exercises of the class will be held at the Fanning opera house Thursday evening. Special music has been provided for and Hon. T. P. Gore, the blind orator, will deliver the annual address to the class. Norman is proud of its graduates of 1906 and it is expected a large audience will greet Senator Gore on the 17th. The class numbers thirteen, eight young women and five young men.

James Crawford was tried in the U. S. court today charged with assault with intent to kill. The case was dismissed but he plead guilty to carrying a gun and was fined fifty dollars and costs.

Governor Hoch on Statehood

Chickasha, I. T., May 16.—Governor and Mrs. Hoch of Kansas are visiting the family of United States Federal Judge Dickerson, Mrs. Hoch being a sister of the judge. Governor Hoch said it was an outrage that Oklahoma and Indian Territory should go begging congress for their statehood rights.

"This is the time when the West should assert itself. Draw a line through St. Louis and two-thirds of the country is west of it."

"The West should dominate the country and it can do so. I'm tired of seeing a lot of 'dinky' little Eastern states running things."

Accidentally Hurt.

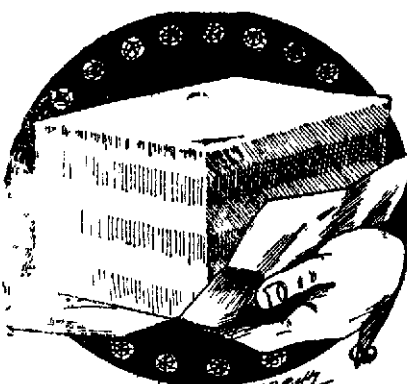
Herbert Hurst, aged six, was painfully hurt last night by an older brother who was cutting wood. He did not realize that the little fellow was so near and struck him in the face with the ax, knocking four teeth out and splitting his lips open.

Making Good Promises AND MAKING PROMISES GOOD

Are two different expressions made up of the same words, but so construed as to mean two entirely different things. Anybody can make good promises. It's harder to make promises good. The only way to make good in the clothing business is to have the right kind of clothes at the right kind of prices. No amount of fine talk in the newspapers will overcome poor clothing or high prices in the store. Come to

I. HARRIS.

and see if you can properly be suited.



Many Flavors to One Brick or Each Flavor Separate

Ice Cream

by the piece or quantity. Pure and delicious in either case. Cooling and nourishing. The richest country cream and finest flavors are used in the production of our Ice Cream, and the greatest care is taken to have it and our Water Ices the best in the city.

Crystal Ice Cream Co.

PAUL W. ALLEN,

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

Horses Boarded by Day or Week.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Best of Service.

Allen Livery Barn

South Townsend Ave.,

Phone 64.

Doctors are Chosen

For their skill and ability in curing diseases. You should also select your Druggist for their ability and accuracy in preparing your Doctor's Prescriptions from the Purest Drugs, in order that you get the best results from the medicine. Nothing should be too good for the sick. We carry a full line of Pure Drugs and Fine Chemicals, and would be glad to have you bring us your Prescriptions.

G. M. RAMSEY, Druggist.

(Successor to Clark Drug Co.)

OTIS B. WEAVER

Continues in the Real Estate Business

And will give careful and energetic attention to all business entrusted. He has some rare bargains in Ada real estate. Manager for beautiful Sunrise Addition. Office headquarters for prospectors

Weaver Building, 12th and Broadway.

Patronize Home Industry

By Buying Ice From

Ada Ice and Fuel Co.

Keep Your Money at Home.

We Handle the Best Grades of Coal.

Phone 249.

Office at Ice Plant.

OVERDRAFTS

It is becoming well known by business men that overdrafts, whether large or small, are not approved by the controller of the currency. The large central banks allow overdrafts only in a very small way, and this, it matters not how small, is not approved by the powers that be. This unbusinesslike habit of overdrafts grew out of advancing on moving products, such as cotton, grain and fat stock on the move. The overdraft system is wrong and the man whose account is always overdrawn is the man who spends more money than he makes and will finally have no bank account.

Ada National Bank.

Capital and Surplus, \$63,500.

Ada, Ind. Ter

OTIS B. WEAVER . . . PUBLISHER
M. D. STEINER, . . . BUSINESS-MANAGER

Entered as Second class matter March 26, 1904, at the Postoffice at Ada, Indian Territory, under the Act of Congress March 3, 1869.

Advertising rates furnished on application.

STAY BY HOME FOLKS.

Some of our merchants have their ire raised because an agent from a mail order house is in town canvassing the trade. Ada people should trade at Ada stores. No one would want to locate in a town that did not have good stores. Ada has them and stores, too, that are far ahead of stores in other towns this size. Show your appreciation of this fact by giving them your patronage and thus enable them to keep their stock up to its present high standard.

But the merchant must not sit idle and let other firms come in town and capture his trade. He must be up and doing. He must advertise and let the people know he is not dead but still doing business at the old stand.

It is with gratification the News notes the Indian Union Signal has been reaccepted the right of transmission through the mails as second class matter. We congratulate Brother Dawes upon his victory over the petty despotism of the postal authorities. His paper as the twin territorial organ of the Farmers' Union, has a noble mission to perform, and the suspension of the paper's postal privileges was an outrage.

THE editors of the two territories are looking forward with much pleasure to the meeting of the Press Association which will occur at Shawnee Friday and Saturday of this week. The Association has met annually for about ten years and each meeting has been a feast of reason and a flow of souls, but this one, it is confidently expected, will surpass all other meetings, both in point of interest and benefit which will be derived. When such a brilliant set of men as the editors of the two territories get together you may expect things to be done. The future of the two territories rests largely with the newspapers. No class of men have so much weight in bringing about desired conditions as editors, and nothing yields the influence that a newspaper does. Matters of vast importance, not only to the editors themselves, but to the people at large, will be discussed at this meeting and much benefit will be derived from the exchange of ideas. Every editor in the two territories should make it a point to be present.

KING SERVED IN NAVY.

The New Ruler of Norway Passed Through Some Rough Experiences.

Norway's new king was once an apprentice in the Danish navy. In the mess to which he belonged he was called by his first name—that is, Karl in Danish—and he had to eat the same "grub" and stand the same hardships as all the other apprentices. Although everybody knew him to be a prince of the realm, no deference whatever was paid to him as such. On the contrary, he was "hazed" and made miserable in good old shipmate style. He took this medicine bravely enough. On board ship he had to mend his own clothes, darn his socks, sew on buttons and keep his weapons and accoutrements in order. He slept in a regulation sailor's hammock, with his clothes rolled up under his head for a pillow, without a nightshirt and wearing only a sailor's woolen striped undershirt and bundled up in a woolen blanket, sometimes with his sea boots dangling by the hammock rope. He used to make the big brass binnacle flash like silver mail. He could never quite get used to chewing tobacco, which in the eyes of every true apprentice is one of the cardinal virtues, and whenever he was seasick, which often happened, he used to sit in the gangway on a bucket and chew rye bread.

QUESTION IN CHEMISTRY.

Twofold Chemical Change That Student Said Lot's Wife Had Undergone.

"Well, boys," said the professor of chemistry to his class at the Columbia college laboratory the other day, "how many of you have brought original questions to-day? You know in college work it is the student who does the most in original research who later becomes the successful scientist."

There was the usual silence; then a freshman, in quest of a reputation as a wit, said:

"Professor, what twofold chemical change did Lot's wife undergo?"

The professor, doubting the sincerity of the questioner, but not wishing to discourage any form of scientific inquisitiveness, said he knew of but one change, and of that only through hearsay, and if there had been any other he would be glad to hear what it was.

"Well," said the gleeful freshman, "first she turned to rubber; then she turned again into a pillar of salt."

Poor Man!
"What is a summer resort, pa?"
"A man entirely surrounded by a body of water."
—Judge.

Too Well-Known.
"Pop!"
"Yes, my son."
"Does a bank loan money?"
"Yes, my boy."
"Well, the bank will only loan the money if it knows the man, I suppose?"
"It is often the case, my son, that that is the time it won't loan him the money."
—Yonkers Statesman.

A RECIPE FOR DIAMONDS.

If Anyone Wants to Make a Few, Here Is the Way to Go About It.

Would you like to know how to manufacture diamonds—real diamonds? The process is somewhat difficult, requiring time, patience and some outlay of money, but then consider the possible results! The diamond, we know, says the New York Herald, is simply carbon in a transparent crystalline form. It comes of humble parentage and is brother to the lump of coal.

Unlike easily crystallizable bodies, carbon is insoluble in all ordinary solvents, but molten metals will combine with it. Let the diamond maker choose iron for a solvent for charcoal, melting it in an electric furnace, allowing it to take up as much carbon as it can—in other words, saturate itself with carbon. The crucible containing the white hot metal should then be plunged into a bath of molten lead. The result will be that globules of iron will rise to the surface of the lead and are quickly cooled on the outer surface. Inside the hard crust the iron remains for some time in a molten condition, and, as iron expands in solidifying, the contents of these little globules receive a pressure unattainable by any other means. When the lead becomes solidified some bullets of iron will be found bound up in the mass. Dissolve with some powerful acid first the lead and then the iron, and a residue of carbonaceous matter will be found to contain tiny crystals—real diamonds. Any chemist with a well equipped laboratory can make diamonds in this way, but the largest of them will not be more than a fiftieth of an inch in diameter.

Birth of a New Russia.
However completely the czar's government may enforce its authority in rebellious cities and districts, there is a new Russia to be reckoned with. The old order has passed away. The proof is found in the free speech of the Russian press. The bare fact that a St. Petersburg daily has dared to predict that if the revolts are crushed now they will break out again in January or February stronger than ever proves a tremendous change. The only line of movement is forward. Free speech must lead to freedom in all things, to the degree that the country may be able to assimilate and make good use of liberty.—Cleveland Leader.

The American Chameleon.
The American chameleon, a small lizard (Anolis carolinensis), inhabits various parts of the southern United States. The little animal has the remarkable habit of quickly and completely changing its color, varying from brown to yellow of pale green. Its food consists of insects. The little animal is perfectly harmless to higher forms of life, is often kept as a pet, and has been worn attached to a chain as an ornament. The toes are provided with adhesive pads, which enable the lizard to run upon smooth vertical surfaces.—St. Nicholas.

CUPID IN A TRUST.

IOWA PASTORS IN PACT REGARDING MARRIAGES.

Ministers Believe Divorce Is a Necessity and Would Control Weddings and Thus Cut Rate—New Law Is Advocated.

Des Moines, Ia.—To form a trust for the purpose of controlling matrimonial ventures is the latest movement on the part of Des Moines ministers. The plans were discussed at a regular weekly meeting of the Ministerial association, and if they are carried out Des Moines will no longer be the Greta Green for lovers who have not for months calmly reflected over the logic of matrimony.

After a liberal discussion the ministers came to the final judgment that divorce is now a necessity, because of the improper matrimonial ties, and they propose to cure the social evil by guarding the entrance into the matrimonial fields by the strongest safeguards.

The agitation was started by Rev. Orlan W. Fifer, pastor of Grace Methodist Episcopal church, who declared that he is firm in the belief that no man should put asunder those whom God hath joined together, but he expressed the firm belief that God has little to do with many of the modern weddings. He claimed to have had an interview with Judge William H. McHenry, of the equity court here, in which he learned that fully two-thirds of the divorces were granted in cases where love probably had played a very small part in the marriage. He stated that he believed one of the greatest evils is because men and women plunge into marriage without the proper preparation.

The ministers took up the discussion in a lively manner and practically entered into an agreement that ministers will not in the future marry so indiscriminately.

The preachers believe that where a divorce is wanted there should be arranged a schedule of years according to the offense of the guilty party in which he or she must remain single.

It has also been agreed that the pastors will demand to know the past history of the participants, their financial condition and their past ventures, if any. It is expected that at the next meeting of the association rules will be drawn up governing the performance of marriages. The ministers will ask the cooperation of the justices of the peace.

It is possible that their present action will result in asking the legislature this winter to pass a law making more stringent requirements for securing a license.

LOVE, LIVE ON \$3 A WEEK

Young Plumber Takes Bride—Both Are Happy on Small Income—Secret Gets Out.

Philadelphia.—If at the lowest possible estimate it cost a mother three dollars a week to board and clothe a growing boy, how can a young man nearly 20 take unto himself a wife and keep her in this sum—without keeping her in want?

This might be a difficult problem for some persons, but James Higgins, a 19-year-old plumber's apprentice, who lives on Stiles street, east of Eighteenth, believes a man can get married and keep a wife in comfort on this munificent sum.

Higgins loved 18-year-old Ella Ragan. They recently decided that if two persons were in love, money was of no consequence; they could live on love and kisses.

An elopement followed, and they were married. They decided to go to their homes and keep the marriage a secret until such a time as Higgins should blossom out as a full-fledged plumber, or until a time when his long-dreamed-of increase in wages should come true.

A friend betrayed them, and now all their friends and acquaintances are asking them "if it is true."

CUT SOLDIERS' BURIAL CASH

Bodies of Men Killed in United States Will Not Be Sent Home at Government Expense.

Washington.—The body of a soldier killed in active service cannot be sent home to his relatives at government expense for burial if he dies in the United States. Moreover, the body must be placed in the coffin issued by the quartermaster general's department. This was the decision of the comptroller of the treasury in the case of Private Albert Laste, Twenty-ninth battery field artillery, who was killed at Fort Riley, Kan., last October.

His commanding officer wished to send his body to his relatives for burial and desiring a better coffin than was supplied by the quartermaster's department, which was only allowed to spend \$35 for that purpose, he offered to supply the necessary additional funds.

Scarcity of American Ships.
Out of 4,217 arrivals of all classes of vessels from foreign ports at New York last year the American flag flew over only 760 ships. According to figures given out at the bureau office recently 478 of the 760 vessels were steam powered, and there were five ships, 25 barks, six brigs and 243 schooners among the sailing vessels. In this time there were 2,844 steamships under foreign flags entered at the customhouse, of which 1,355 were British and 521 German.

BLUE RIBBON FOR BRAINS.

English Wise Men Will Enter an Interuniversity Thinking Match.

British thinkers, rebelling against the custom of awarding great prizes to college athletes and neglecting the thinkers, have proposed and are urging throughout the kingdom a "blue ribbon for brains," an interuniversity contest between the thinkers and students, for an award of merit.

The neglect of brains and the constant lauding of brawn in the press of Britain, as well as in university circles, has called forth the protest and the demand for recognition and reward of the brainy men of the great schools.

Just what form the thinking match for the championship is to assume is not stated. Those who are urging the contest plead that nine men from each of the great universities meet in the contests. Whether it will consist of looking wise, or in oratory, in written examinations in certain subjects, they do not state. The contest may take the form of the standing long jump, or the running high jump, or the two-minute handicap think, or the long distance think.

At any rate, the proposition is to make the event of the blue ribbon thinking match of all England and to show the thinkers that they are esteemed as high at least as are the athletes. Who will be the first champion thinker of Great Britain is a question of vital interest.

WAS NOT HALF THROUGH

Darkey Pursued by Ghost Was Going to Make Better Time.

Two men in a southern town, getting into an argument made a wager that one of them could not hire a darkey to stay all night in a well known haunted house, which no one would occupy.

Hunting up a strapping negro the man offered him \$5 to stay in the house during the night, keeping awake all of the time.

The negro entered the place in the evening and kept walking back and forth to keep from going to sleep. Promptly on the stroke of midnight the ghost appeared. Unlike most ghosts, this one was pleasant and affable and, seeing the man, said:

"Ah, good evening; it seems there will be two of us here to-night."

With bulging eyes and drooping jaw the other managed to stammer: "Y-y-yah sah, b-b-but dey won't be long."

And suiting the action to the words he went out of the house and down the road as hard as he could run, with the ghost in close pursuit. When completely out of breath, the darkey sat down by the roadside to rest, and the ghost, coming up, blandly remarked: "That was a very pleasant run we had just now."

And the darkey replied: "Yas, sah—but it ain't nuffin to de one—we're—going ter hab."

Envious.

Mrs. Dryun.—They say that Mrs. Smiley has driven her husband to drink. Dryun—Just my miserable luck! "Why, what do you mean, my dear?" "I had almost made up my mind to propose to her when I met you."—Chicago Daily News.

'Twill Break His Heart.

Bronco Bill—De sheriff hez posted a reward uv 50 cents fer Roarin' Rube, dead or alive.

Grizzly Pete—Dat'll be poor Rube's finish. When he hears de size uv de reward he'll kill himself—fer shame.—Judge.

American Exports to Orient.

There was a remarkable increase last year in American exports to China and Japan. In ten months the exports to China have been \$50,000,000, compared with \$20,000,000 in the previous year, and to Japan the total for the same time has jumped from \$22,000,000 to \$46,500,000. Our Pacific ferriage to those countries is direct and Europe cannot hope to compete with it in distance and cheapness.

IF YOU ARE THE INDIVIDUAL

Who never got a bargain at a Special Sale, come to this store and price any one of the three items we are driving for these few days only.

HATS, PANTS AND SHOES

We want your business by virtue of merit. Satisfaction to the fullest.

T.J. CHAMBLESS



TIME CARD.
Ada, Ind. Ter.



TIME OF TRAINS
ADA, I. T.
THE RIGHT TRAINS
BETWEEN

EAST BOUND TRAINS

No. 510 Meteor, 4:48 p. m.
No. 512 Eastern Exp. 9:45 a. m.
No. 542 Local Freight, 8:45 p. m.

WEST BOUND TRAINS.

No. 509 Meteor 8:58 a. m.
No. 511 Texas Pass 7:15 p. m.
No. 541 Local Freight 7:45 a. m.

Local freight train carries passengers provided with permits. Ten per cent saved on the purchase of round trip tickets.

I. McNair, Agent.

St. Louis
Hannibal,
Kansas City,
Junction City,
Oklahoma City,
In the North,
and all points beyond.

Houston,
Dallas,
Fort Worth,
San Antonio,
Galveston,
in Texas,
and all points beyond.

NORTH BOUND.

No. 112 Express, daily, 3:55 p. m.
No. 564 Local, except Sunday, 12:15 a. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

No. 111 Express, daily, 11:10 a. m.
No. 563 Local, except Sunday, 1:55 p. m.

LOANS

On Dead Claims, Intermarried Surplus and where Restrictions Are Removed. Improved City Property or to build.

Correct Neat Abstracts of Title at Reasonable Prices

W. H. EBEL, - - - Ada, Ind. Ter.

SUNSET ROUTE

OCEAN to OCEAN

Offers the Best

Fast Trains, Latest Dining, Sleeping and Observation Cars Between

New Orleans and California, Daily

Through Louisiana, Texas, New Mexico and Arizona, and will carry you over the

Road of a Thousand Wonders

that you read so much and hear so much about from the press and the people. Oil burning locomotives all the way; no smoke, no cinders. For beautiful illustrated literature and other information, see nearest Sunset Ticket Agent

WHY WAS IT?

When some of the fire companies represented by Otis B. Weaver, fire insurance agent, lost approximately \$5,000,000 each in the great San Francisco conflagration, they were not compelled to quit business?

ANSWER: Because one of them is the **LARGEST THE WORLD**, possessing assets of nearly \$70,000,000, and because it held a special conflagration reserve fund of \$7,000,000. Because another one of them, with its allied interests does the leading fire insurance business in the United States, which affected for the year 1905, alone, a several times larger income than its probable loss in the great conflagration.

All companies represented by the Weaver agency are giants in capital and assets. They will continue their liberal policy in rates and adjustments.

The business of the property owners of Ada and surrounding country is respectfully solicited.

OTIS B. WEAVER, FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.

LOCAL NEWS

Subscribe for The News.

J. R. Young is in Tupelo today. M. Scott has returned to Madill.

Duke Stone went to Stonewall today.

A son of W. G. Broadfoot is ill of fever.

J. O. Smith of Oakman was here today.

Postmaster J. R. Young is at Tupelo today.

Attorney McKeel's baby is better today.

See P. K. Smith for up-to-now photo work. 152-tf

J. M. Hoard is spending the day at Madill.

Uptodate suits made to order at Chitwood's. tf 85

Mr. Keltner was here from Stonewall today.

E. L. Steed opened a branch store at Tupelo today.

Cleaning and repairing. See Chitwood the Tailor. tf 85

F. E. Champion, well known in the city, is here today.

Chas. Etzell and wife were here from Parkell today.

W. J. Coffman is entertaining his parents from Soisco, Texas.

Attorney Epperson has returned from his trip to Texas.

Mrs. Levine, who has been ill of intermittent fever, is better.

Wedding announcements—the uptodate kind—at the News office. tf 11

Dr. H. Erb, dentist, Henley & Biles building. Phone No. 1. 288 tf

Dr. Steel left this morning for Memphis, Tenn., and other points south.

W. P. Duncan of Davis, Texas, spent last night with his relative, Joe Terrell.

FOR SALE:—At greatly reduced price a \$350 piano. Enquire at Mason Drug Co. 3t 45

Sam J. Smith of Tecumseh, Okla., is visiting his brother, C. C. Smith today.

Street hats at absolute cost until all are gone. Mrs. W. J. Long at Scott-Hoard's. 4t 45 w5 2t

Mrs. C. A. Ingram is going to Wyle, Texas, to spend a week with relatives.

Make your wants known to Duff & Dodson, Groceries and Feed. Phone 92. tf 812

J. W. Hays, president of the Citizens' National Bank, spent today in the country.

A. B. Morris, living six miles in the country, paid the News a business call today.

All street hats for sale at cost while they last. Mrs. W. J. Long at Scott-Hoard's. 4t 47 w5 2t

Druggist F. Z. Holley is at Konawa today looking after his branch store at that place.

Mrs. S. S. McDonald will leave this evening for Madill where she will be the guest of friends.

Mr. Swank, the owner of the acre strawberry patch near town, is expected to arrive from Indiana today.

A thirty days' sale of millinery is now on at Mrs. L. T. Wilson's. Call before you purchase elsewhere. 2t 47

Geo. Wade and wife of Konawa were in the city yesterday. They left this morning for a trip to Old Mexico.

LOST:—Ladies' watch between the two railroad stations. Return to U. S. clerk's office and receive reward. tf 45

Do You Need Shoes?

If you want a pair of Shoes that combine style, elegance and individuality with the best leather and excellent workmanship, why not try ours? You will be satisfied with your selection. The latest correct styles for men, women and children . . .

CHAPMAN
The Shoe Man.

Dr. Bisant, dentist, over Ada National Bank. tf 279

Mrs. S. J. Tobias, of Konawa, is shopping here today.

J. B. Tolbert returned home from Eldorado, Oklahoma, last night where he has been for several days on a business matter.

FOR RENT:—Good four room house, well, barn, stormhouse, etc. A. K. Thornton, care of W. M. Freeman & Co. 40-tf

E. Hamilton, Assistant United States Attorney, is here from Chickasha today on the Stanton murder case.

Miss Cora Hopton has resigned her position at the telephone exchange and will leave for Sulphur today where she has accepted a similar position.

Grant Watrous (colored) was tried in the U. S. court today charged with running a house of bad repute. He was tried by a jury and found guilty. He was fined \$50 and given thirty days in jail.

A lady demonstrator will be at M. L. Walsh's store this evening and all day tomorrow and will serve free to all callers carnation cream and Yale brand coffee. Ladies are especially invited to call and partake of these dainties.

Miss Josephine Thompson will return to her home in Osage City, Kan., this afternoon after a most delightful visit in Ada. While here she has made many friends in social circles who regret her departure.

The most vigorous workers have spells of "tired feeling" now and then. This feeling is caused by derangement in the stomach, liver and bowels. A few doses of Prickly Ash Bitters quickly corrects the disorder and sends the blood tingling through the veins, carrying life and renewed energy throughout the system.

Women are not the only creatures interested in the latest styles in millinery as was demonstrated this morning when an old grey rat ambled into the millinery department at Scott-Hoard's store. The ladies, as all ladies do, grabbed their skirts, emitted blood-curdling yells and hot footed it to the street door, but it remained for S. S. McDonald to perform the biggest stunt. He gave one glance at her ratchup and then proceeded to climb up on the top of the skirt rack from which vantage point he viewed the leisurely manner in which the rat decided which style hat she preferred. It was only after the rat had departed that Mr. McDonald could be persuaded to come off his perch.

Eleven to the Quart.

Now came Dr. Hodges again today with the largest strawberries yet received at this office. Nor did the Dr. change boxes on us while writing this article, but he left them right on our desk where they were viewed by many. The largest berry measured 5 1/2 inches in circumference. There were just eleven berries in the box and we know of some people who will have to blow up their berries with a goose quill if they beat those from the Dr's. patch.

Will Leave Tomorrow.

Dr. Greer, who has been a member of the Ada medical fraternity for the past year, will leave tomorrow for Alabama where he has accepted an offer to work for a corporation. The salary offered was handsome enough to induce the doctor to give up his practice here and forsake the territory. While regretting to lose such a desirable citizen the News congratulates him on his good fortune.

Fortunate Missourians

"When I was a druggist at Livonia, Mo.," writes T. J. Dwyer, now of Grayville, Mo., "three of my customers were permanently cured of consumption by Dr. King's New Discovery, and are well and strong today. One was trying to sell his property and move to Arizona, but after using New Discovery a short time he found it unnecessary to do so. I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as the most wonderful medicine in existence." Surest cough and cold cure and throat and lung healer. Guaranteed by G. M. Ramsey, and Dr. F. Z. Holley, Druggist. 50c and \$1. Trial bottle free.

Wedding invitations—1 a test styles—turned out at the News office. tf

Prickly Ash Bitters cures the kidneys, regulates the liver, tones up the stomach and purifies the bowels.

COMMENDABLE COOLNESS.

Young Man Who Knew How to "Peg the Question" Without Getting Rattled.

"You should know well what coolness is," said a general. "American history is indebted to you, Capt. Hobson, for one of its most perfect and most brilliant examples of this trait." The young man, flushing a little at the compliment, said, with an embarrassed laugh:

"Oh, there have been many better instances of coolness than mine."

"Not at all," said the general. "Not at all, sir."

"But yes," persisted Capt. Hobson. "For instance?" said the other.

Capt. Hobson thought a moment. Then he said:

"The most perfect exhibition of coolness ever made came from a friend of mine—an old man now, but still a bachelor."

"This gentleman loved a beautiful widow in the summer of '96. He courted her with ardor through the months of July and August, and in September he proposed."

"It was a cool evening, the evening of the proposal, and my friend and the widow sat indoors, the light lowered, the dusk faintly illuminated by a fire of birch logs."

"So," my friend ended, "I love you, and ask your hand in marriage." He rose. "Will you," he said, "be mine?"

"The widow gazed at the flame thoughtfully. Then in a low voice she said:

"Don't make me answer immediately. Give me a little time for thought."

"Very good," said my friend. "How long do you want?"

"A half hour," murmured the widow.

"A half hour be it," said my friend, taking up his hat. "And in the meantime," he added, "I'll just go down to Smith's and get a shave."

TO DRINK KING'S HEALTH.

No Longer Considered Necessary in England to Use Alcoholic Liquor.

The superstition in England and its colonies that it is necessary when drinking the king's health to pledge his majesty in a draft of some alcoholic liquor has been exploded.

As long ago as October, 1902, Rear Admiral King-Hall obtained an opinion from his majesty, through Lord Knollys, that total abstinence need compromise neither their loyalty nor their convictions when drinking his majesty's health.

Permission to publish the letter, which was at first employed for private circulation, has now been granted by his majesty, and here it is:

"Dear Capt. King-Hall: His majesty is afraid that it would be difficult to make any public announcement that he considers his health can be as loyally drunk in water as in wine. . . . The king commands me, however, to say that you are authorized to make it known privately, and in any way that you think best, and that you are authorized to state that total abstinence can always drink his health in some nonalcoholic drink to his entire satisfaction."

"October 17, 1902."

Navy teetotallers have been aware of this gracious expression of opinion on the part of his majesty for the last three years.

The publication of the letter now comes as a boon to many a harassed abstainer, who has frequently been caught between his heartfelt loyalty and the sanctity of his temperance pledge.

ENGLISH WOMEN UNTIDY.

Oriental Artist Declares Their Gait Is Ungainly and Their Figures Out of Poise.

London.—Yoshio Markino, a Japanese artist at present in this country, deprecates the ungainly carriage of the Englishwoman.

"The London ladies have such nice faces and such pretty figures. How sad it is that they carry themselves so badly!" is his criticism.

"I walk up and down this great city," he continued. "I notice that the ladies are so awkward. Their arms are huddled up, their elbows are too much in evidence, the skirt is caught up untidily by one hand, throwing the whole figure out of poise."

"I believe the reason is that everybody in this country is too active, too much in a hurry—not only the men who work, but the women also. How long can one be graceful under these circumstances? The women of my country are so happy and peaceful. They are never in haste."

As to dress, Mr. Markino said:

"The ladies of England are too fond of fashion. They copy the ladies of France. What will suit a Frenchwoman will never suit the Englishwoman. I do not like these short sleeves. They are out of place. I see a smart girl with a short sleeve. She seems to say to me: 'See, now, I am ready to do the scrubbing.'"

Another point which astounds him is the assurance of the English girl.

"She walks along with her head in the air, so haughty," Mr. Markino said. "She is afraid of nothing. In our country to do so would not be modest. Our women go always with eyes cast to the ground. They are content to be women. They do not care to be 'masculines.'"

Not to Be Repeated.

"Yes," an old Indian fighter was saying, "the Sioux done something to me that they could never do again."

"What was that?"

"They scalped me."—N. Y. Times.

DR. THOS. H. GRANGER, D. D. S.

Manager,

DOSS & GRANGER

Pioneer

Dental Office

ESTABLISHED 1901.

OVER FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

PHONE 312.

We carry a full line of

STAPLE AND FANCY

GROCERIES

Your Patronage Solicited

Moss & Scribner

LEADING GROCERS

Phone 125 Main St

HENRY M. FURMAN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Will do a general Civil and Criminal Practice.

Office in Duncan Building.

C. A. Galbraith Tom D. McKeown

GALBRAITH & McKEOWN

LAWYERS

Over Citizens National Bank

Ada, Ind. Ter.

W. H. L. Campbell Joel Terrell

CAMPBELL & TERRELL

Attorneys-at-law

Practice in all Courts

Ada I. T.